Newspapers by ancestry
https://www.newspapers.com/image/92954192

The San Francisco Call (San Francisco, California) · Thu, May 17, 1894 · Page 7
Downloaded on May 9, 2020

DRY GOODS.

GIGANTIC SPECIAL PURCHASE

OF

FANCY SILKS AND VELVETS

AT ABOUT

40c on the $1.00!

We have JUST RECEIVED BY EXPRESS from our Mr. James O'Brien (now in New York) A GIGANTIC PURCHASE OF FANCY SILKS AND VELVETS, which, owing to the great depression, he secured for spot cash AT AN AVERAGE OF ABOUT FORTY CENTS ON THE DOLLAR and which we in turn offer at a proportionately TREMENDOUS DISCOUNT FROM USUAL PRICES.

The lines purchased comprise THE NEW SEASON'S CHOICEST PRODUCTIONS IN WEAVES, DESIGNS, COLORINGS AND EFFECTS, and we particularly recommend their early inspection, as they will be placed ON SALE AT 8 O'CLOCK THIS MORNING and are insured a speedy sale by the fact that they are

Actually Worth and Regularly Sell for More Than Double These Prices.

SILK DEPARTMENT!

FANCY SILKS.

At 25 Cents.
2500 yards FANCY ALL-SILK STRIPED SURAH, worth 65c, will be sold at 25c a yard.

At 50 Cents.
4200 yards CHANGEABLE FIGURED SURAH SILK, worth $1, will be sold at 50c a yard.

At 50 Cents.
6000 yards FIGURED INDIA SILK, evening shades, worth $1, will be sold at 50c a yard.

At 50 Cents.
1600 yards FANCY CORDED BENGALINE, worth $1 25, will be sold at 50c a yard.

At 65 Cents.
4500 yards TWILLED CHANGEABLE INDIA SILK, extra fine quality, worth $1 50, will be sold at 65c a yard.

At 75 Cents.
1500 yards FANCY FIGURED SATIN MERVEILLEUX, worth $1 50, will be sold at 75c a yard.

At $1.00.
1500 yards FANCY STRIPED AND FIGURED TAFFETA, worth $1 50, will be sold at $1 a yard.

TWO-TONED FANCY VELVET.

At 50 Cents.
500 yards PLAID AND STRIPED SILK VELVET, worth $1 50, will be sold at 50c a yard.

At $1.00.
700 yards FANCY STRIPED SILK VELVET, worth $3, will be sold at $1 a yard.

J. J. O'Brien & Co.
MURPHY BUILDING,
Market Street, corner of Jones,
SAN FRANCISCO.

"USE THE MEANS AND HEAVEN WILL GIVE YOU THE BLESSING." NEVER NEGLECT A USEFUL ARTICLE LIKE

SAPOLIO

BOUGHT A SITE.

Mason-Street Synagogue Changes Hands.

Native Sons Secure the Valuable Property for the Proposed Hall and Headquarters.

The Native Sons have at last secured a piece of the earth upon which their proposed headquarters—an imposing structure—is to stand for many years to come. Members of this order are consequently full of a pardonable pride, and they feel that a new impetus for enthusiasm and more work has been infused into their body.

The site chosen for a hall measures 68:9 feet in front and 137:6 feet in depth. Upon it stands the synagogue of the Congregation Ohabai Shalome on Mason street, between Post and Geary. The sum of $15,000 was paid to the congregation yesterday, which was the last payment on $42,500, the purchase price. By this transaction the hall association has the property free from any incumbrances. As soon as the building committee can decide upon the merits of the fifteen plans submitted by the leading architects of this city, a five-story brick building will be erected on the property which will be a credit to the order and an architectural ornament to San Francisco.

The estimated cost of the building is $60,000. The main feature will be the ballroom, which will occupy the two lower floors. On account of the large size of the lot this hall will be the most commodious in the city. The upper portion of the building is designed for lodgerooms, for offices, the grand secretary and for the reading-rooms of the library maintained by the city parlors.

Eighteen of the parlors of the Native Sons and Daughters have signified their intention of taking lodgerooms in the building, thus guaranteeing to the association a large and certain revenue.

The association is incorporated under the laws of California, so that its stock is held by individual members, although the bulk is subscribed by the local parlors as follows: California $5750, Pacific $4250, Rincon $2125, Stanford $2000, Golden Gate $1600, San Francisco $1300, El Dorado $1125, Yerba Buena $1000, Bay City $1000, Alcalde $500, Alcatraz $475, Sequoia $325, Columbia $250, Oakland $250, Niantic $200, Precita $150, South San Francisco $100, board of relief $3000, reading-room $500.

Its affairs are managed by a board of directors of thirty-six native sons, elected from various parlors in proportion to the stock subscribed. James D. Phelan is its president.

The Jewish congregation have occupied the premises since February, 1865, having at that time purchased the lot from the old firm of Hewston & Hastings.

Money Well Spent.

Ten cents put into a portfolio of "Picturesque California" will give more pleasure than in any other way. It will also keep on doing so for years.

BOARD OF HEALTH

Miss Mohl Charged With Misconduct.

A Number of Training Nurses Resign From the County Hospital in Disgust.

The Board of Health yesterday took up the charges against Miss Mohl, the head nurse, made by other nurses, and found that they were not sustained.

The war among the nurses has been a subject of considerable discussion lately and has brought some scandal to the surface. Miss Mohl's charges against Miss Gaines, Miss Eisel and Miss Mead, consisting of neglect of duty, were sustained and they were suspended.

Another set of charges were filed against Miss Mohl with the board yesterday, and they will be taken up for consideration at a special meeting. The charges are brought against her by the internes and consist of incompetency, misconduct and disobeying the orders of physicians, besides exercising favoritism and being too quick with her tongue.

"In view of the above facts," says the internes, "we think that for the maintenance of our professional dignity and the proper surroundings and respectful training so necessary in the members of the school of which she is the head, some radical change is imperative. D. A. Conrad, M.D., B. F. Fleming, M.D., J. D. Clark, M.D., G. D. Pond, M. D., C. G. Maguire, M.D., A. Patterson, M.D., H. S. Gossage, M. D."

After Miss Mohl had been exonerated, the following letter was sent by the undersigned nurses, who will no longer continue at the hospital under the present management:

To the Mayor and the Honorable Board of Health: Under existing circumstances we, the undersigned, feel that it is incompatible with reason to remain longer in an institution mismanaged, and we hereby tender you our undivided resignations as nurses in the San Francisco Training School, and beg that you accept the same. A. A. Henry, C. R. Miller, A. J. Gray, B. E. Mossman, J. M. Kane.

The communication from the Board of Supervisors calling for the dismissal of Superintendent Titus of the City and County Hospital for mismanagement was placed on file.

Native Sons' Headquarters.

A deed was filed in the Hall of Records yesterday whereby the congregation Ohabai Shalome conveyed to the hall association of the Native Sons of the Golden West the lot on the corner of Post and Geary streets, the price being $42,500. The agreement to purchase was made on July 17, 1893, but it was only recently that the actual cash was paid for the property. The Native Sons will erect a $75,000 headquarters on the site.

The Glory of Woman
Is a fine set of teeth as well as a fine head of hair. How the enamel glistens after a good brushing with fragrant SOZODONT! Nothing destructive to the teeth can exist on the surface or at the roots if this vegetable antidote to corrosion is duly applied.

PUFFS OF POISON.

War Against Cigarettes Begun.

SCHOOLBOYS TO BE SAVED.

"The Call's" Crusade Against the Evil Inaugurated.

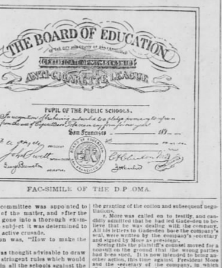
SMOKERS WILL BE DISGRACED.

Active Work of Reformation Commenced by the Board of Education Yesterday.

The whole School Department of San Francisco yesterday took up an active and practical fight against cigarette-smoking among pupils of the public schools.

According to information collected by THE CALL some months ago the evil habit during recent years had developed to an alarming extent. A large proportion of the boys were found to be victims of the deadly article, undermining their health and constitutions, outside of the moral effects produced.

When the attention of the Board of Education was called to the matter the investigation which resulted more than bore out what had been suspected.



FAC-SIMILE OF THE DIPLOMA.

A special committee was appointed to take charge of the matter, and after the members had gone into a thorough examination of the subject it was determined to commence an active crusade.

The question was, "How to make the fight."

At first it was thought advisable to draw up some very stringent rules which would be enforced in all the schools against the boys using the nasty article. But it was soon decided that this would not accomplish the result desired. Instead of coercion it was resolved to use a moral lever that would be more mighty in its influence.

The honor of the boy was to be appealed to. He was to be brought face to face with his enemy, the cigarette, and confronted with all its enormity.

Then he was to decide whether he preferred to embrace certain ruin or give up the habit before it grew too strong.

Teachers in all the schools decided this was the best plan.

To every boy who had the courage to give up a disgusting and demoralizing appetite for smoking the nauseous article it was determined to give a diploma of honor. Everybody in the public schools who has given up the habit can point with pride to his diploma. This will be a continual reminder to him that he has abandoned his bad habit—that which would have accomplished his ruin.

It took the committee, of which Dr. Clinton was made chairman, some three months to arrive at these conclusions and determine on the nature of the crusade which was to be made against the deadly cigarettes. When the nature of the war to be made was decided on it was resolved to make the onslaught as vigorous as possible. The fight was not to be for a day or a month, but was to be kept up.

The diplomas of honor were all prepared and the pledge to be taken was sent out. It was found that hundreds and thousands signed the following pledge:

We hereby solemnly promise that we will refrain from the use of cigarettes, or tobacco in any other form, for one year.

Yesterday everything was in shape to begin the active fight. Secretary of the Board of Education Beanston, assistant secretaries Wade and Ashelm, Bookkeeper Letcher and Messenger Yale were all kept busy sending out circulars with instructions to every school in the city and county of San Francisco. Accompanying the circulars were copies of the diplomas to be given the boys.

The circulars and diplomas made up quite a large bundle. As soon as they are received at the various schools the teachers will start in their work of rooting out the evil.

Those boys who are confirmed in the habit will form the object of special attention, and every moral force will be brought to bear on the boy who is a victim. He will be subjected to such influences that if a spark of pride remains he will give up the habit.

In a short while in the public schools for a boy to be without his pledge and diploma will mean disgrace. He will be pointed at with the finger of scorn. His fellow-schoolmates will be compelled to avoid him.

The schoolboys of San Francisco are now on their honor, and those who get diplomas will be active agents in checking the evil in their companions.

Among the literature sent out for distribution in the public schools yesterday was the following:

PHYSICAL EFFECTS.

1. Dryness of the mouth and throat, with thirst. The drying effect of the smoke extends through the air passages to the lungs, when it is inhaled deeply. Absorption of poisonous nicotine takes place according to extent of mucus surface traversed by the smoke. Fissures and sores are frequently produced about the lips, mouth and throat, which may become the seat of cancerous growths, and are open to the absorption of the germs of pneumonia and consumption.
2. Injury to appetite and digestion, producing diminished vigor and stunted bodily frame.
3. Muscular tremors, especially of the hands.
4. Functional derangement of the heart (palpitation, intermission and diminished energy), followed, sometimes, by structural changes. Dilatation, hypertrophy and insufficiency of the valves.
5. Blunting of the senses of taste and smell; disorder of the senses of hearing and sight and sometimes loss of sight.

INTELLECTUAL EFFECTS.

1. A sedative action, with lessened inclination and capacity for mental effort.
2. Retarded and lessened mental development.
3. From excessive use, insomnia, which may eventuate in delirium and insanity.

MORAL EFFECTS.

1. Untidiness, slovenliness, disregard for the sensibilities and opinions of other persons.
2. Craving for stimulants, frequently resulting in alcoholic excesses.
3. Deception of parents while forming the habit, and often subsequent dishonesty in obtaining the means to gratify the appetite.

The following facts are an expressive commentary on the above views:

Persons in training for athletic contests of all kinds are required to abstain from tobacco.

The great majority of those who fail of admission from physical or mental defects to West Point and Annapolis academies, and who are rejected for life insurance and membership in beneficiary associations from physical defects, have been tobacco-smokers.

Nine-tenths of the convicts in the penitentiaries are heavy smokers—chiefly cigarette-smokers.

Lastly, the cigarette is the most injurious form of tobacco for smoking.

The foregoing bears the signatures of a number of prominent physicians.

SUED THE WRONG PARTY.

A. P. More Was Not the Kings River Lumber Company.

The long pending action brought by Valentine Gadesden against the Kings River Lumber Company was dismissed yesterday in Judge Hunt's court, on motion of S. C. Denson, counsel for the plaintiff.

Mr. Gadesden sued to recover $250,000 for breach of contract, and $25,000 expenses incurred. The suit was over an alleged contract made between the parties for the sale of the company's property in the hills behind Sanger, in Fresno County. The property included the famous fifty-two mile flume, which was supposed for a long time to be the means by which the notorious Chris Evans baffled his pursuers.

The plaintiff claimed to have an option to purchase this property for $2,500,000, and undertook trips to Europe in order to complete negotiations. Eventually, he was told that the property had been sold to some one else, and the action decided yesterday was the result.

As soon as a jury had been obtained and the first witness called to the stand it was found that the alleged contracts upon which Gadesden based his claim were signed by A. P. More, president of the company. No resolutions appeared on the company's minutes directing or authorizing Mr. More, who is a well-known lumberman of this city, to act on the company's behalf, and there was no proof that the other directors of the company knew of or sanctioned the granting of the option and subsequent negotiations.

Mr. More was called on to testify, and candidly admitted that he had led Gadesden to believe that he was dealing with the company. All his letters to Gadesden bore the company's seal, were written by the company's secretary and signed by More as president.

Seeing this the plaintiff's counsel moved for a nonsuit on the ground that the wrong parties had been sued. It is now intended to bring another action, this time against President More and the secretary of the company, in which charges of fraud and deceit will be added to the petition for damages and expenses incurred.

FIVE-CENT FARES.

Everybody Wants Them to the Cliff House.

Mass-Meetings to Be Held in Their Favor and a Vigorous Warfare to Be Waged.

The question of a 5-cent fare to the Cliff House is one which bids fair to awaken a decidedly strong sentiment in its favor among all classes of citizens if the present agitation is kept up. Preparations have been made for at least two mass-meetings in favor of this plan and to devise means to promote it. One is to be held in Farrell's Hall, at the corner of Ninth and Point Lobos avenues, this evening, and another is to be held in Metropolitan Temple. Out of these two initiatory efforts the gentlemen who are urging the matter are confident a series of meetings will grow, which will develop a forceful sentiment against the street railway company, which will compel that corporation to make the concession asked for by the masses.

Adolph Sutro is in favor of heroic measures to attain the desired end. He yesterday paid his respects to the Southern Pacific Company in the following strong language:

"The masses have been slaves to this corporation long enough. It is time they did something for themselves. Now, I'm not a young man, but I'm willing to go into the fight, and I think plenty of the young men of the country will be with me to do most of the fighting. We propose to carry this thing right into politics. This is a time of unrest and of revolution and in a revolution against the railroad's exactions the corporation would be wiped out.

"What's the use of our voting the Republican or Democratic ticket on an issue of this kind? Of course the tariff and silver questions are of great importance, but we can vote with the old parties for officials who will be concerned in them and still carry along our party, which I have called 'The Liberators.' This railroad question is the most important to us of all our questions and I think that right now is the favorable time for agitating it.

"It will hardly be possible to secure a franchise in opposition to the Southern Pacific. As the law now stands all these franchises must be put up at auction and sold to the highest bidder. The Southern Pacific could step in and bid more than anybody else, and thus stave off opposition. But if the city should take up the subject and build its own road this difficulty would be obviated."

Mr. Sutro yesterday caused a number of signs to be posted upon the now famous fence upon which were inscribed the following words: "Twenty-five cents admission until the Southern Pacific Company of Kentucky comes to terms." It is said that a number of prominent speakers will take part in the meeting to be held in Metropolitan Temple, and the outlook looks favorable for unrelenting and persistent warfare.

A Disgraced Soldier.

Jacob Geiselman, private in a company stationed at Benicia, has been dishonorably discharged from the United States army.

Geiselman is now in the County Jail awaiting trial for opening letters addressed to his comrades. Marshal Long received information yesterday that the prisoner had been discharged from the army and instructions to recover the uniform which he had disgraced.

A suit of clothes which cost the Marshal $15 was given to Geiselman and his uniform was sent back to Benicia.

I'LL tell all my friends to go to Berteling's if they value their sight, 427 Kearny street.

Thomas Bowen on Trial.

Thomas E. Bowen is on trial before Judge Wallace and a jury for the murder of Marguerite Bornemann, an inmate of a house on Morton street. The trial will probably come to a close to-day.

MARK HOPKINS Institute of Art, open daily. Concert this evening.

A Reporter Failed.

J. F. Gawthorne, shorthand reporter, has filed his petition in insolvency. His liabilities consist of a judgment against him of $5000 damages, interest and costs in favor of Richard Phelan of Rodeo. Assets, wearing apparel and household furniture valued at $300.

BUY glass of F. N. Woods & Co., 51 First st.

DIVORCE GRANTED

In Favor of Mrs. de la Montanya.

HEARD WITH CLOSED DOORS

Evidence of Infidelity, Cruelty and Abduction.

HUSBAND MAKES NO DEFENSE.

Custody of the Children Granted to the Wife—They Are Supposed to Be in France.

The suits brought by Mrs. Lorraine W. de la Montanya against her husband, James, for divorce and for custody of the two minor children, was decided by Judge Slack yesterday, no opposition being made by the husband.

The whole story of the troubles that arose between the ill-matched pair has been told over and over again in the columns of THE CALL. James de la Montanya appears from the first to have treated his wife and children with cruelty, giving way to occasional gusts of passion and ill temper, and generally making things unpleasant. And from allegations made and substantiated yesterday by testimony it would seem that James of that ilk bore the reverse of a moral reputation.

In November last James de la Montanya, with whom his little daughter Lorraine was living, caused the boy James Francis to be abducted, and the two children are now supposed to be residing somewhere in Paris. An order was made by Judge Slack last week appointing ex-Judge Spencer of San Jose, father of Mrs. de la Montanya, guardian ad litem of the children, but their recovery looks at present extremely problematical.

The parties were before Judge Slack yesterday accompanied by their witnesses and attorneys, H. D. Hoffler, Carroll Cook and ex-Judge Spencer. The defendant made no appearance and was not represented in any way. Default had previously been entered against him in both cases.

It was intimated by counsel that the testimony was of such a nature that the cases had better be heard with closed doors. Judge Slack granted this request rather unwillingly, stating that he did not believe in such a system. However, the doors were closed and the public excluded.

The evidence introduced tended to prove three things; that James de la Montanya had been repeatedly unfaithful to his wife; that he had been cruel to her and to the children; and that it was he who, with the aid of his sister Jennie, carried off the boy James Frances de la Montanya from the custody of his mother in November last.

Testimony as to De la Montanya's profligate habits was given by Louis A. Sage of Saratoga Springs, by Charles Terry and Ned Foster of the Bella Union and by Joe Watkins of Sacramento.

Theresa Superville, the nurse employed by Mrs. de la Montanya in San Jose to take charge of the little boy, told the story of his abduction. She was asked by Miss Jennie de la Montanya to take the child to Santa Clara, to go for a drive. She said nothing to Mrs. de la Montanya, but did as she was bidden. Arrived at the railway station she met James de la Montanya and his sister, who pushed her and the child on board a train bound for San Francisco.

The witness and her charge were taken to De la Montanya's house on Taylor street for one night and afterward to Haywards for a week. From there they went to Sacramento, where the nurse was dropped. She never saw either James de la Montanya or the child again.

Milo Knox of Haywards said that the party stayed at his house for one week. It was represented to him that the mother was sick and unable to accompany them.

Ex-Judge Spencer, father of Mrs. de la Montanya, gave evidence relating to the cruelty of his son-in-law. He had observed these acts from time to time, both in his son-in-law's house in San Francisco and also in San Jose. On one occasion De la Montanya treated his daughter in a shocking manner because she could not swallow a large quantity of soup he had prepared for her.

Mrs. Lorraine de la Montanya testified on behalf of herself and her children, and Judge Slack made an order forthwith granting Mrs. de la Montanya a divorce on the ground of her husband's infidelity and extreme cruelty and awarding her the custody of the two children, James Francis and Lorraine. A motion for alimony and counsel fees was also granted, the amounts to be fixed by a further order of the court.

The second action, which concerned the custody of the children only, was, of course, decided in favor of Mrs. de la Montanya, but just how she is going to spirit her children from their French hiding-place remains to be seen.

MRS. WILSON'S CHILDREN.

Bitterly Fought Contest for Their Custody.

The application of Mrs. Jennie Wilson, the divorced wife of John M. Wilson, to recover from her ex-husband the custody of their two children, Bessie and Florence Wilson, was heard yesterday before Judge Hunt.

Mrs. Wilson stated that she had consented to a divorce on consideration that she should keep the children. She did so until eight months ago, when her ex-husband procured the children on a pretext, took them away and refused to return them. Wilson had married again, this time a widow with three children, who did not get on well with hers. In addition Mrs. Wilson asked $100 a month alimony.

Wilson opposed his former wife's application on the ground that she was not a fit and proper person to take care of the children. On several occasions she had ill-treated them, and was altogether too violent-tempered for a mother. Wilson further claimed that he was not in a position to pay alimony, being dependent on his second wife for his support. As for his children, both his and his stepchildren were most affectionate to each other.

Much testimony was taken on both sides and the contest was bitterly fought. Finally the eldest of the two children was called up and questioned by the Judge. The case was then taken under advisement.

THE STATE RAINFALL.

Forecaster Pague Shows That It Is Being Artificially Increased.

Forecast Official B. S. Pague has issued a valuable statement regarding the State rainfall. The subject is succinctly handled from its broadest aspects, the important deduction being that through tree-planting, cultivation and other artificial means, there is already a material aggregate increase in natural precipitation throughout California.

Mr. Pague takes as basis of his theory the records furnished by the Sacramento and San Francisco meteorological stations. He says in conclusion:

Using the records from those stations and grouping the years together in five-year periods we have the following results in percentages of the variations in the rainfall for each period from the normal:

Period.	San Francisco.	Sacramento.
1850-54	−12	+4
1855-59	−4	−18
1860-64	+1	−2
1865-69	+12	+8
1870-74	−11	−13
1875-79	+2	−2
1880-84	+6	+22
1885-89	+3	+1
1890-94	−7	−1
Sums	−34	−34
	+24	+37

Showing that at San Francisco in the total there is a deficiency of 34 and an excess of 24, or 10 per cent in favor of the former for the whole period of forty-four years, while at Sacramento there is a deficiency of 34 and an excess of 37, or an increase of 3 per cent in the rainfall for the period, indicating quite clearly that the rainfall of Sacramento is on the increase, due to cultivation, tree-planting, irrigation, etc., and it is reasonable to presume that the ratio of increase prevails in all sections of the interior removed from the influence of the ocean currents. It is not to be understood that yearly there is a 3 per cent increase in the precipitation at Sacramento, but that in the aggregate there is that much of an increase.

What the future may be present knowledge of meteorological science prevents an intelligent answer, but it is very reasonable to presume that the more development there is in the State the greater are the possibilities of an increase in rainfall.

AMUSEMENTS.

Midweek Notes of Business at the Different Theaters.

"The Comedy of Errors," as adapted, appears to be a solid draw at the Baldwin for the week. So far the auditorium has been well filled. John Baldwin Buckstone's comedy, with revisions, will be the opening attraction for Monday, May 21.

Hopkins' New Trans-Oceanic Star Specialty Company, with the Emerson appendix, is drawing largely at the New California. The comedian pianist, Will H. Fox, with his Paderwhiskie business is a play in himself. His tricks with the piano, his accompanying lecture filled with carelessly dropped puns that the audience catch readily, is a great feature. Now that Emerson is on the boards there is another great attraction. The new school do not seem to be in it with the naturally gifted and well-trained William. He puts them all to the blush by his original specialties. Blood will tell. The Hallen and Hart company follow at this house next week. It is said to be of individual value. In the list are Lydia Yeamans Titus, F. J. Titus, Edith Murray, Jennie Grovini, Mark Murphy, Julia Mackey; Frank Belcher, a San Francisco singer; Carrie de Mar, Donald Harold, Florence Wyatt, W. S. Francis and Charles Kettler.

At the Stockwell Sandow, the strong man; Wash. Norton, the change artist; August D well, the Lenton Brothers, the Levines and Elsie Adair, with others, are the attractions. A new comedy-drama, in the German dialect, entitled "The Prize Winner," will be produced here on Monday next for the first time by Charles A. Gardner, the popular comedian and sweet singer, supported by a company of competent actors.

Von Suppe's "Clover" is in its last nights at the Tivoli, and will be followed by "The Merry War" on Monday evening next.

Morosco's Grand Opera-house auditorium is being nightly tested to its utmost capacity to see D. K. Higgins and Georgia Waldron in the new sensational comedy-drama, "Kidnapped." It is a very good play of its class.

Mrs. Alice J. Shaw, the whistler, continues her peculiar lip music at the Orpheum. She is surrounded by an unrivaled vaudeville company—all Eastern celebrities.

Notes.

The Grove-street Theater is playing to a good attendance with George F. Murphy's Eastern company in "U and I." Mr. Frank R. Clifton has closed his connection with this theater, and will manage his own tent show on the road.

At the People's Palace, southwest corner of Eddy and Mason streets, they are doing the latest musical burlesque, "Miss Helyett."

Modjeska and Otis Skinner appeared last evening at the Macdonough, Oakland, in "Magda" to a good attendance. This evening, "Merchant of Venice."

Rev. T. de Witt Talmage, D.D., will deliver his famous lecture, "The School for Scandal," at the Metropolitan Temple Monday evening, May 28.

Fulgora and Kara, the artists of the Hopkins Trans-Oceanic Company, are in receipt of a cablegram from Paris to play a six months' engagement at the Folies Bergere.

Musical Comedy Will Last.

"That's all right," said James J. Brady, manager of Hallen and Hart, who is at the Occidental, "but let me tell you that musical comedy will endure and prosper just as long as the world goes round. And why not? The very name is vitalizing, if not appetizing.

"When I make this bold statement I mean music that the world at large can understand; music with a jingle, such as boys whistle and girls hum; simple, homely melodies that tickle the senses agreeably and make one glad to remember them and repeat them for personal pleasure."

"Then think of the comedy side of the question. Did you ever know anybody to find fault with wholesome fun and laughter but a crank or a hopeless dyspeptic? Show me the man who kicks at good humor and I will show you a fellow whose milk of human kindness, if he ever had any, is bordering on smearcase. We must have fun. We need it. It is to our spirits what the sun is to the trees and flowers. Take it out of life and you are in the place of a man who lives in the cellar and objects to sunlight because of its glare. Lively catchy music and good-natured surprising fun, combined tastefully and not overdone, are just as sure to make a winning entertainment as night is to follow day, and don't you forget it."

NEW CORPORATIONS.

A Theosophical Society and $10,000,000 Mining Company.

The Pacific Coast Theosophical Corporation has filed articles of incorporation.

The society is formed for the purpose of forming a universal brotherhood of humanity, without respect to race, creed, sex, caste or color; to promote the study of Aryan and other Eastern literatures, religions and sciences, and generally to disseminate the religion and belief of theosophy.

Not being formed for profit the corporation has no capital stock. There are seven trustees —Jerome A. Anderson, Vera S. Beane, Edward B. Rambo, William John Walters, Abbott B. Clark, Sarah A. Harris, Julius Oettl.

A gigantic enterprise has incorporated in the Bodie Gold Brick Consolidated Mining Company. Directors—Charles Roberts, C. M. Sawyer, D. T. Meagher, R. H. Campbell, Martin Jones. The stock is fully subscribed, D. T. Meagher being responsible for $9,998,000 worth of the stock, each of the other directors subscribing $500.

In Aid of Charity.

On next Saturday evening an entertainment of a unique character will be given at Metropolitan Temple, the proceeds of which are to be devoted to the aid of the sufferers by the recent earthquakes in Greece. The programme includes whistling by the famous Mrs. Alice Shaw and vocal and instrumental music by Miss Westwater, Miss Coote, Miss Bosworth, Mr. Graham, Mrs. Noah Brandt, the Mandolin Club and Signor Pierillo. Noah Brandt will direct the music. Tickets may be purchased at Sherman & Clay's. The recent earthquakes in Greece destroyed thousands of homes and the need of immediate aid is imperative. The relief entertainment promises to be a most successful affair.

Held for Mayhem.

George Mahoney, who almost bit off Special Officer Costello's ear during the fight on Fourth street recently, when Dan Mahoney was shot and killed, was held by Judge Joachimsen yesterday to answer before the Superior Court in $3000 bonds on the charge of mayhem.

"A MILD SMOKE!"

"OLD GOLD"
PLUG CUT
SMOKING TOBACCO
TRY A PACKAGE AND
YOU WILL BE SURPRISED
my15 eod tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

SOMETHING ABOUT CLOTHING

Any Farmer will tell you that there is a vast difference between hay and grain—

And it Don't Take a Farmer

To tell you that there is a vast difference in the Clothing now being sold in the Wholesale district.

HYAMS, PAUSON & CO.
25 and 27 Sansome Street,
The Wholesalers, Now Selling at Retail,

Have made the manufacture of fine Clothing a specialty for years. To attempt to compare their make with others offered you in the Wholesale district is simply ridiculous.

Make a Day's Salary

And buy Clothing which will fit, and which possesses both chic and pattern, and go direct to

HYAMS, PAUSON & CO.
25 and 27 Sansome Street,
The Wholesalers, Now Retailing at the Price the Dealer Must Pay.

Look for Our Big Red Signs.

INSURANCE.

STATEMENT

OF THE

CONDITION AND AFFAIRS

OF THE

ÆTNA

INSURANCE COMPANY

OF HARTFORD, IN THE STATE OF CONNECticut, on the 31st day of December, A. D. 1893, and for the year ending on that day, as made to the Insurance Commissioner of the State of California pursuant to the provisions of sections 610 and 611 of the Political Code, condensed as per blank furnished by the Commissioner:

CAPITAL.	
Amount of Capital Stock paid up in cash	$4,000,000 00
ASSETS.	
Real Estate owned by Company	$225,000 00
Loans on Bonds and Mortgages	36,000 00
Cash Market Value of all Stocks and Bonds owned by Company	9,098,124 00
Amount of Loans secured by pledge of Bonds, Stocks and other marketable securities as collateral	5,600 00
Cash in Company's office	5,923 04
Cash in Bank	721,037 89
Interest due and accrued on all Stocks and Loans	605 00
Interest due and accrued on Bonds and Mortgages	300 45
Premiums in due course of collection	715,076 26
Total Assets	$10,807,666 64
LIABILITIES.	
Losses adjusted and unpaid	$151,139 82
Losses in process of Adjustment or in Suspense	310,890 75
Losses resisted including expense	57,750 30
Gross Premiums on Fire Risks running one year or less $2,637,054 54, reinsurance 50 per cent	1,318,527 27
Gross Premiums on Fire Risks running more than one year, $3,092,604 23, reinsurance pro rata	1,722,575 14
Gross Premiums on Marine and Inland Navigation Risks, $106,110 88, reinsurance 100 per cent	106,110 88
Amount reclaimable by the insured on Perpetual Fire Insurance Policies	48,159 71
Due and accrued for salaries, rent, etc	1,000 00
All other Demands against the Company	133,634 76
Total Liabilities	$3,849,788 63
INCOME.	
Net Cash actually received for Fire Premiums	$3,927,771 50
Net Cash actually received for Marine Premiums	234,170 46
Received for Interest on Bonds and Mortgages	1,960 00
Received for interest and dividends on Bonds, Stocks, Loans, and from all other sources	477,002 91
Received for Rents	3,882 11
Total Income	$4,644,786 98
EXPENDITURES.	
Net amount paid for Fire Losses	$2,359,586 86
Net amount paid for Marine Losses	163,224 67
Dividends to Stockholders	720,000 00
Paid or allowed for Commission or Brokerage	692,056 38
Paid for Salaries, Fees and other Charges for officers, clerks, etc	231,364 52
Paid for State, National and local taxes	67,510 67
All other payments and expenditures	250,066 74
Total Expenditures	$4,483,809 84

	Fire.	Marine.
Losses incurred during the year	$2,469,211 28	$176,296 50

RISKS & PREMIUMS.	FIRE RISKS.	PREMIUMS.
Net amount of Risks written during the year	$366,736,718	$4,627,212 45
Net amount of Risks expired during the year	316,988,745	4,027,017 58
Net amount in force December 31, 1893	472,454,027	5,729,662 77

RISKS & PREMIUMS.	MARINE R'KS.	PREMIUMS.
Net amount of Risks written during the year	$73,273,924	$286,651 79
Net amount of Risks expired during the year	72,781,050	250,728 67
Net amount in force December 31, 1893	2,928,251	106,110 88

WM. B. CLARK, President.
WM. H. KING, Secretary.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 6th day of January, 1894.
my11 7t J. R. PHILLIPS, Notary Public.

PATENTS
The Best Obtained By DEWEY & CO.,
220 Market St., S. F., Cal.
mr29 tf eod

Copyright © 2020 Newspapers.com. All Rights Reserved.
Powered by Newspapers