

A BRIEF ANALYSIS OF THE CITY VOTE

Over-Ambitious Politicians
Severely Rebuked
by Voters.

Laumeister and Dimond Have
an Unpleasant Taste of
Public Disfavor.

NON-PARTISANS ARE PLEASED.

Many of Their Candidates Successful
at the Polls—Rainey Has the
Supervisors.

An analysis of the vote cast in this city reveals some surprises, not the least gratifying of which is the subsidence of popular support for a certain class of perennial candidates who have arrogated to themselves the right to ruin if they cannot rule.

This applies to both the Republican and the Democratic parties and is particularly illustrated in the race for the mayoralty.

Mr. Laumeister, the bolting Republican candidate for Mayor, is a gentleman of good character in all his private and personal relations, but it was felt even by his friends that he had transgressed the thetic of political life by going into the field against the regular nominee of his party at such a time as the campaign just closed.

This sentiment was deepened by the fact that Mr. Laumeister had been honored by his party with the most lucrative office in the gift of the people of the municipality, and it was deemed that ordinary gratitude ought to have kept him from such an act of treachery.

Mr. Laumeister's small vote ought to teach him and all such office-seekers a lesson that will be of benefit to them and the community.

Mr. Dimond, the nominee of the Buckley Democrats, is also a wiser and sadder man. No one has a word to say against his private character, nor is there any objection to be urged against his record as a Supervisor. He is an honorable gentleman in all the relations of life, yet the pitiful showing that he makes in the race for Mayor shows what the people think of a bolter who is trying to defeat the legitimate desires of his own party as expressed in a legally organized convention.

It is another case of vaulting ambition that ends in disaster and disappointment, clouding the political possibilities of a life that otherwise might have contributed something of value to the community.

As predicted by the CALL, Dr. C. C. O'Donnell proved to be a "back number," for he came in almost at the end of the procession, being ahead of only one candidate, Mr. Everett, who made no pretense of strength outside of the ranks of the Socialist-Labor party, which he represents.

The Citizens' Non-Partisan managers feel pleased with the result. The record of the victory of Judge Hebbard as an endorsement of their plan of campaign, for Judge Hebbard had no nomination except theirs. Modesty forbids them to base their strength on Judge Hebbard's vote, however. The cry was raised that some of the big corporations were fighting him, and whether true or not, the story had its effect on the voters.

O. those who were incensed by the Citizens' Non-Partisan party the following were successful: J. D. Phelan, Mayor; William Broderick, Auditor; James M. Block, Tax Collector; A. C. Widder, Treasurer; Henry T. Creswell, City Attorney; John Hunt and J. C. Hebbard, Judges of the Superior Court; C. T. Conlan, H. L. Jones and C. A. Low, Judges of the Police Court; J. E. Barry and F. H. Kerrigan, Justices of the Peace; Lawrence Devany, Washington Dodge, John Lackman, Supervisors; R. H. Webster, Superintendent of Schools.

The Non-Partisans also endorsed several legislative nominees who were elected.

It is remarkable that the Buckley Democrats made so slight a showing after all the noise in which they indulged. At one meeting at Metropolitan Temple a few days before the election the hall was crowded with enthusiastic howlers, and it was confidently asserted that the crowd contained more voters than appear to have cast their ballots for Mr. Dimond or Mr. Strother. It is plain that upon sober second thought they changed their allegiance to Mr. Phelan.

The Prohibition party seems to have dropped almost out of sight, and it looks as if they will have to file a petition if they want to get on the blanket ticket at the next election.

The gold Democrats cut a sorry figure, as was generally expected, though it was thought that more of them would take the trouble to vote for Mr. Palmer. The so-called National party also has a very small vote.

Just where the Populists are going to get off nobody seems to know. Their record in the Democratic leaves them in a strange predicament. So far as can be judged the Populists have been swallowed by the Democratic party, and it will be difficult for them to again assume the position of an independent organization.

In any event the Populists have sacrificed the confidence and respect of the public to a hope for a portion of the public pay. It is believed that when the apportionment of patronage is made very few Populists will be found anywhere near the pie-counter.

An important fact considered locally is that Sam Rainey has control of the majority of the Board of Supervisors. It looks as if Bukey had lost his last grip on municipal politics in San Francisco, unless he and his henchmen are able to beguile some of the successful Democratic candidates from their allegiance to Rainey.

There is always the suspicion, of course, that Rainey and Buckley are secretly in partnership, and in this connection the people of the community on account of bitter past experience have good reason to be on their guard.

It is a fact that the well-known bosses are able to practice the old rule of "addition, division and silence."

LIABILITY OF MEMBERS.

Corporation Men Must Pay Their Share of the Concern's Debts.

The case of Mary C. Bayden vs. W. A. Vigoureux and others was yesterday decided by Judge Murphy in favor of the plaintiff, thereby affirming the decision previously rendered by Judge Barry in the Justices' Court.

The case is of considerable importance to members of mutual life insurance companies incorporated under the laws of this State, as it sustains the validity of the statute declaring the personal liability of members for their proportion of the debts and liabilities of corporations.

In this case the plaintiff's claim of \$2000 against the Fraternal Life Association, formerly known as the Masonic Mutual

Aid Association, being unpaid, and there being no assets of the corporation in sight, she had recourse to the members. Knowing that there were about \$12,000 other death claims against the corporation, they vigorously resisted payment, and several of them united in the defense of the above action as a test case.

HAINQUE WAS CRUEL

His Wife Says He Choked Her and Then Beat Her Into Insensibility.

Agnes M. Hainque has filed a new suit for divorce against Martial Hainque Jr., son of the owner of the Cyclops Machine Works, who died several years ago, leaving an estate valued at over \$100,000. Mrs. Hainque first instituted suit in February last, but yesterday dismissed the original action and began a new one. She charges that her husband has beaten her time and again, and that he stood by and encouraged his sister, Mrs. Frank C. Bangs, to do likewise.

The Hainques were married March 30, 1893, and the complaint recites that before six months had elapsed the husband, one evening, while on the way home from a visit to his sister, became enraged and struck the plaintiff, causing blood to flow from her nose. The next day he resumed his attack, and but for the arrival of Mme. Rosine Guitard would have again beaten her.

It is further recited that in January, 1894, Hainque struck his wife with his clenched fist several times, and when he grew tired of administering punishment in that manner seized her by her hair and dragged her about the room. A month later he beat and choked her, threw her on the floor and kicked her and then threatened to kill her infant child, going so far as to throw two boxes at the baby. The mother interposed to save the young one and was struck over the eye and above

the temple by the missiles and severely injured.

Numerous other instances of cruelty are alleged, the whole culminating in January, 1896, when Hainque encouraged his sister to assault his wife.

Mrs. Hainque claims that her husband is the owner of property worth over \$25,000 and asks for a decree of divorce, the custody of the two-year-old child and \$125 per month alimony.

NO JOY FOR DEMOCRATS.

Still Hope Has Not Yet Entirely Forsaken Their Leaders.

At the headquarters of the Democratic State Campaign Committee, in the California Hotel, last night, a show of hopefulness was still maintained despite the disheartening reports of the day. Every man connected with the headquarters had his own theory for figuring out a possible victory for Mr. Bryan, and though it was noticed that all seemed to rely on what they termed "the doubtful States of Indiana, Michigan and California" yet the combinations with other "doubtful" or "disputed" States were as complicated and almost as numerous as would be possible with the old fashioned 13-15 puzzle.

Chas. M. Allford said he was not in a mood for discussing the situation, though he had not lost hope. Secretary R. P. Troy and Assistant Secretary A. McCabe joined in this sentiment, and showed plenty of justities from former elections to justify their position. Apparently they did not take into account the changed conditions and issues of the campaign just ended.

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Thomas P. Ward, the campaign committee's official stenographer, was kept busy replying to telegrams from the East asking for definite information as to how California has gone. Chairman Jones of the National Democratic Committee was very peremptory. He said it was necessary for the committee to have immediate information in regard to the totality of the Democratic and Populist vote for Bryan, and as to the final result.

Chairman Allford considered this an important and favorable symptom, as he argued that no anxiety would be manifested touching California unless the outcome of the election seemed to depend on the electoral vote of this State.

It seems probable that only the official count will convince the tenacious Democrats of California that their favorite has been defeated in his aspiration to occupy the White House.

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Take laxative Broom Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. 25c.

WILL SEND SEVEN REPUBLICANS

Alameda's Delegation to
Sacramento Will Be a
Solid One.

Mostly Energetic Young Men,
and All Have Proved
Their Fitness.

WAYMIRE AND NORTH GO BACK

In Each Case They Walked Away
From All Competitors by Very
Handsome Majorities.

OAKLAND OFFICE SAN FRANCISCO CALL.

908 Broadway, Nov. 4.

Alameda County will send to the State Legislature a full Republican delegation of one Senator and six Assemblymen.

Fred S. Stratton, the Senator-elect, is a native of East Oakland, where he was

born in 1859. He obtained his early education at the old Swett Grammar School, and afterward graduated from the Oakland High School. Then he went to the State University, where he graduated with honors in 1881, after which he entered into his chosen vocation—that of the law. He was a student in General Barnes' office for three years, and then he blossomed out on his own account, he and W. W. Morrow establishing a law partnership in 1884, which lasted until 1890, when Mr. Morrow was appointed United States District Judge. Mr. Stratton then became attorney for the Harbor Commissioners, an office he held for five years and which he still retains in a measure, for he is at the present time special counsel for the board, the regular attorney being Senator Tiley L. Ford.

Mr. Stratton is a member of the Reliance and Athenian clubs of this city, and also of Native Sons Parlor No. 50. He belongs to the University and Merchants' clubs of San Francisco.

James W. Clarke, Assemblyman-elect of the Forty-eighth District, is a native of San Francisco, where he was born in 1858. He moved to Niles when he was 12 years of age and has resided there ever since. Mr. Clarke is a good example of Californian energy and self-reliance. He worked on his father's ranch until his nineteenth year, when he secured a position with Porter Brothers, commission merchants of San Francisco. He was by them sent out as a traveling agent, and for three years traveled over the State in that capacity, becoming well known in many sections. He always had a desire for a university education and now felt in a position to gratify this desire. He entered the University of California and a short time later graduated.

He takes a deep interest in fraternity matters, being a prominent Native Son and Odd Fellow. He is considered a good speaker and has often represented his community and the Native Sons, speaking at the Midwinter Fair on Native Sons' day, at the Oakland Exposition and delivering the oration in Livermore on the last Fourth of July.

The Forty-seventh District will again be represented by James A. Waymire of Alameda. He is a personal friend of Major McKinley.

Judge Waymire was born in Missouri fifty-four years ago and at an early age went to the Territory of Oregon, where he taught school. At the breaking out of the Civil War, Oregon having been admitted to the Union two years previously, young Waymire enlisted in the First Regiment of Oregon Cavalry and saw considerable active service against the Indians. In 1863 he resigned his lieutenant's commission to become private secretary to Governor Gibbs of Oregon. He was afterward commissioned a lieutenant in the First Regiment of United States Cavalry, serving until 1869, when he again resigned and took up the profession of law.

He was appointed Judge to fill one of the new departments of the Superior Court in San Francisco in 1881 by Governor Perkins and distinguished himself on the bench. He was one of the early directors of the Veterans' Home Association and in 1885 was elected president of the association. He was also instrumental in securing the branch National Soldiers'

Home at Santa Monica, Congress appropriating \$150,000 for that purpose. He is the author of many of the provisions of our codes.

Frank W. Leavitt of the Forty-eighth is a well-known newspaper man and is now a partner in the Oakland Printing Company. Mr. Leavitt was born in the State of Indiana in 1856. He came to Oakland thirteen years ago and has resided in the Assembly district which he will represent ever since he came to Oakland and has taken an active part in the politics of his district as a Republican. He is a member of the Forty-eighth Assembly District Club, Sixth Ward Republican Club, the Young Men's Republican League and the Republican National League.

Assemblyman-elect Leavitt is a man of family and one of the most energetic and enthusiastic Republicans in the county. Oscar Breiling of the Forty-ninth District is a representative mercantile man of West Oakland. He is only 24 years of age, but has already taken a prominent part in local politics. Mr. Breiling is a Native Son, and experienced no difficulty in running ahead of the fusion candidate.

Mr. Hart H. North will again represent the Fiftieth District. Mr. North's career has well qualified him in every way for legislative work. He was born July 12, 1871, at Marysville, and resided for a number of years in Yolo County. In 1890 he went to Berkeley and attended the High School there. The next year he went to the Oakland High School and graduated from it in 1893. He then entered the law department of the University of California and graduated from the Hastings Law College in May, 1892. In August of that year he opened an office in the Mills building, San Francisco, and has since been practicing, his success at the bar being remarkable for so young a man.

Mr. North has always been an ardent Republican. He was a delegate to the Republican County Convention from the Third Ward in 1892 and was a delegate the following winter to the municipal conven-

tion. He was nominated for the Assembly and was returned by a big majority.

Mr. North is well known in fraternal and social circles. He is a member of Oakland Lodge No. 188, F. and A. M., and also belongs to California Chapter, Sons of the American Revolution, the Reliance Club, the Alliance Republican Club and the Young Men's Republican Club and the Republican Club of Alameda County.

Howard E. Wright, Assemblyman-elect from the Fifty-first District, is a native of Carson City, Nev., 30 years old. He is a resident of Berkeley and has lived in Alameda County for the past ten years. He has an insurance and brokerage office in San Francisco. He is well known in the district, having resided on East Twenty-eighth street, near Fourteenth. He is very popular, as is evidenced by the fact that he entered the lists for the nomination twelve hours before the convention. There were several other candidates who had been in the field for weeks before the convention, but on the first ballot Mr. Wright showed his strength to be that the majority of the convention came to him.

FIVE CENTS A LOAF.

The Bakers' Association Will Not Allow Bread to Be Sold for Any Less.

The Master Bakers' Protective Association held its weekly meeting yesterday at Turn Verein Hall on Turk street. N. Ampros presided and George A. Ruiz officiated as secretary.

Forty-two out of a total membership of 190 were present and a ratification of the resolutions adopted will be asked at the meeting next Tuesday night.

The resolutions provide that no baker be allowed to sell over eighteen ounces of bread in one loaf for less than 5 cents, larger loaves in proportion. Bakers violating this provision, or selling to dealers not complying with this rule, are to be fined the amount of their cash bond—\$100. The 25 per cent discount allowed to dealers will still continue.

ST. ANDREW'S SOCIETY.

Thirty-Fourth Annual Election of Officers Is Held.

The thirty-fourth annual election of officers of the St. Andrew's Society was held this evening at Scottish Hall, 111 Larkin street, with the following results: President, Andrew Wilkie; vice-presidents, William Watson, Peter L. Dunn; treasurer, Y. C. Lawson; recording secretary, W. C. Cook; assistant recording secretary, Alex. Rennie; financial secretary, Robert D. Colquhoun; assistant financial secretary, John D. Robertson; librarian, Joseph Gray.

Trustees—Samuel Irving, John McLaren, Richard Gratto, James Scobie, John Macdonald, James Macdonald, Board of relief—John M. Duncan, Robert Sutherland, Joseph P. Cochrane, Physician, W. F. McNeill, M.D., Chaplain, Rev. D. B. Stewart.

The annual banquet in honor of St. Andrew's day will be held at the Palace Hotel.

Insurance companies claim that cycling is more dangerous than traveling either by railway or by ship.

THOSE WHO FOUGHT FOR SUFFRAGE

The Annual Convention of
the State Association.

Credit Given to the State Newspapers, Excepting the "Chronicle."

THEY ARE NOT CAST DOWN.

Consider They Have Won a Victory
in the Great Vote Polled for
Them.

The women who have been in the front of the battle for suffrage in this State are anything but cast down by the result of Tuesday's election.

At the annual convention of the State Suffrage Association assembled in Golden Gate Hall Saturday nearly every speaker referring to the subject at all did so in the tone of congratulation and satisfaction.

Miss Anthony especially expressed gratification at the result, and Mrs. Ida Harper, chairman of the press committee, strongly seconded her.

"We from the East who came to work with you through the campaign will take the train next Saturday and return home," said Miss Anthony, "and we will do so with no feeling of disappointment whatever on the result. Quite the contrary."

"The fact that such a large number of votes were cast for the amendment is indicative of a great stride toward the emancipation of women in California. You must remember that this matter has been discussed in this State but little. The only reason for its failure now is ignorance—a lack of confidence in the very fundamental principle of the republic itself. But no such work of education has been accomplished anywhere in any like period of time—a mere little eight months. Down in my country, in the East, we have been working and agitating for many years, going before the Legislature session after session and to political conventions with the same regularity with which they are called, and we have not yet got suffrage."

"You see, we have a great many new people to educate down there. The thousands of newcomers that are year after year brought in from other countries wholly unable to comprehend the spirit of our institutions—they form our obstacle—so we have about given up hope of educating those citizens, and must wait for you of the West to work the reform. You have done excellently well, and it only remains for you to keep at work, to educate and educate and we will shortly."

"I have to say that very much of the credit of this great work belongs to women whose names we never heard, whom we never see—those noble, loyal women who have labored in their own districts among their neighbors. They have accomplished much."

Golden Gate Hall was filled by the delegates to the convention and friends of the cause. By vote it was decided to give representation to every club or organization in the State bailing from places where there was no regular county representation.

An additional delegate was allowed for every twenty-five members in excess of twenty-five in every club or organization. Mrs. McCann of Santa Cruz became a delegate by this action, and was warmly applauded when she arose to speak, coming as she did, and as she proudly said she did, from "a county that carried for suffrage."

The president's, secretary's and treasurer's reports were read for the year. Alameda County was reported as having the largest suffrage club, numbering over 300. The treasurer reported a credit in the bank of nearly \$300.

The routine business of the convention being disposed of, Mrs. Ida Harper, chairman of the press committee, was called upon for a report of the work. She said that though her pen had scarcely been out of her hands for these eight months past, she had not prepared a report as yet, but would talk about it.

"When Miss Anthony first came here to direct this campaign," she said, "I offered myself for her disposal. I had known her many years, I had been always ready to do what I could in the cause of suffrage and now stood ready to obey her orders. She immediately put me in charge of the press committee. We called upon the proprietors and editors of all the newspapers and met with a most cordial reception at their hands without exception. They said they would give us what aid they could, and that they would not oppose us in any way. They have all kept their word, and we have treated them and our cause with great liberality."

A voice: "Did not the Chronicle on the morning of the election and for several

days before that come out distinctly against us, advising its readers to vote with regard to the sixth amendment?"

"Yes, it did. I, of course, meant to note that exception. It was not, however, once, but very often. The Chronicle never declared for suffrage. It is a remarkable fact that only two papers in the State came out against suffrage, one being the San Francisco Chronicle and the other the Los Angeles Times. The Times opposed us from the first, and by the way, Los Angeles County is one of the counties that went strongly for suffrage. My faith in the power of the press is somewhat shaken. In Alameda County, which was against suffrage, there were nine newspapers, every one of which favored our cause. Had I judged from them and their good offices I would have said we could not fail. I have to say that the newspapers have done their duty."

Mrs. McCann then moved that a rising vote of thanks be offered the newspapers of California that had so bravely stood for the enfranchisement of women.

Mrs. Harper seconded the motion and every woman in the crowded hall rose to her feet.

"When we consider," continued Mrs. Harper, "that every newspaper in the

State could have made money by opposing us—for our enemies had plenty of money and were willing to spend it—we can better appreciate their action. When they—our special enemies—were organized and entered upon an aggressive fight against us, I was prepared to see a change of front in many of the newspapers, but I was very agreeably disappointed."

"I can say from knowledge that the newspapers were not influenced by the money of the opposition. They remained true to their first declarations of principle to us. More than that, they gave us all the space we asked for. They not even charged us for notices of our meetings. In spite of this I never considered a newspaper a friend of our cause unless it said so editorially. From the opening of the campaign until the close no less than 300 newspapers did this. Within two weeks of the election sixteen joined our ranks. Oh, yes, the newspapers have done their part indeed."

Mrs. A. Sargent, president, paid a high tribute to Miss Anthony. "At 76 years of age," she said, "this noble woman has given her time, spent money out of her purse, traveled up and down the State speaking and writing and directing the work, robbed of sleep and working tirelessly."

The convention applauded long and loud. Miss Anthony, sitting next the president, merely smiled and nodded.

Recording Secretary Mrs. Harland here paid a tribute to Mrs. Sargent and her tireless work, hospitality and liberality through the campaign.

Mrs. Abigail Scott Duniway, president of the Oregon State Suffrage Association, introduced and spoke a few words of encouragement to the California workers.

The following committees were announced for the convention and for continuing the work:

Committee on credentials—Mrs. Sperry, Dr. Elizabeth Sargent, Mrs. Martin. Plan of work—Mrs. Green, Mrs. Blinn, Mrs. Wood, Mrs. Carr. Resolutions—Mrs. Ida Harper, Mrs. Rev. Eliza Tupper Wilkes, Dr. Ida Stambach of Santa Barbara, Mrs. Judge Cotton and Mrs. A. C. Peck. Courtesies—Mrs. Lovell White, Mrs. William Keith of Santa Cruz.

The convention adjourned until this morning.

Laurensing a reception was given to Miss Anthony by the ladies of the State association at Golden Gate Hall. It was a successful and gratifying affair to all of the throng that attended. It was intended only to be a social gathering, giving Miss Anthony's friends an opportunity to meet her informally and to tell her of how they appreciated her sacrifice of time and personal convenience in their behalf.

However, the evening was not far advanced before they had called her to the platform, and the veteran of many campaigns related something of her experience here and tided them to be of good cheer.

Miss Mary G. Shaw was called for and then Miss Shaw, both making short addresses.

Mrs. Nellie Holbrook-Blinn, as chairman, also made a few remarks, reminding all of the rally to take place at Metropolitan Temple this evening, the last demonstration of the campaign.

A PLUMBER'S DOWNFALL.

Charles Clifford Has Four Charges of Burglary Placed Against Him.

Charles Clifford, a victim of the morphia habit, was detained yesterday at the City Prison by Policeman I. F. Burke on four charges of burglary.

Clifford is a plumber by occupation, and for the past two months has been going about the Southern district, carrying with him some plumber's tools, looking for vacant houses. He would apply for the key, representing that he had been sent by the agent to do some repairs in the vacant houses, and it is alleged, would remove the faucets, cut off the lead pipe and other material and sell them to satisfy his craving for the drug.

Dr. Kettle Going to See His Son.

The Rev. R. Kettle of London, England, is at the Grand. He is on his way to Oceanside, San Diego County, to spend the winter with his son, R. H. Kettle, owner of the Monterey ranch. The reverend doctor is of the Church of England and for a long time has been pastor of a church in Suffolk.

NEW TO-DAY.

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