

AUCTION SALES THIS DAY.

NEWELL'S BROS & CO., corner of Sansome and Haight streets—at 11 o'clock, at auction, Regular Sale of Boots, Shoes, Gaiters, Fancy Goods, Oil Paintings, etc.

S. C. BOWLEY will sell, at Niles Station, Alameda county, Horses, Durham and Devon Cattle, Farming Utensils, Wagons, etc.

S. L. JONES & CO., Nos. 207 and 209 California street—sell at auction, at 11 o'clock A. M., 200 cases English Earthenware and French Porcelain.

WALTER TURNBULL will sell, at Niles Station, Alameda county, Horses, Durham and Devon Cattle, Farming Utensils, Wagons, etc.

S. L. JONES & CO., Nos. 207 and 209 California street—sell at auction, at 11 o'clock A. M., 200 cases English Earthenware and French Porcelain.

WALTER TURNBULL will sell, at Niles Station, Alameda county, Horses, Durham and Devon Cattle, Farming Utensils, Wagons, etc.

S. L. JONES & CO., Nos. 207 and 209 California street—sell at auction, at 11 o'clock A. M., 200 cases English Earthenware and French Porcelain.

WALTER TURNBULL will sell, at Niles Station, Alameda county, Horses, Durham and Devon Cattle, Farming Utensils, Wagons, etc.

S. L. JONES & CO., Nos. 207 and 209 California street—sell at auction, at 11 o'clock A. M., 200 cases English Earthenware and French Porcelain.

WALTER TURNBULL will sell, at Niles Station, Alameda county, Horses, Durham and Devon Cattle, Farming Utensils, Wagons, etc.

S. L. JONES & CO., Nos. 207 and 209 California street—sell at auction, at 11 o'clock A. M., 200 cases English Earthenware and French Porcelain.

WALTER TURNBULL will sell, at Niles Station, Alameda county, Horses, Durham and Devon Cattle, Farming Utensils, Wagons, etc.

S. L. JONES & CO., Nos. 207 and 209 California street—sell at auction, at 11 o'clock A. M., 200 cases English Earthenware and French Porcelain.

WALTER TURNBULL will sell, at Niles Station, Alameda county, Horses, Durham and Devon Cattle, Farming Utensils, Wagons, etc.

S. L. JONES & CO., Nos. 207 and 209 California street—sell at auction, at 11 o'clock A. M., 200 cases English Earthenware and French Porcelain.

WALTER TURNBULL will sell, at Niles Station, Alameda county, Horses, Durham and Devon Cattle, Farming Utensils, Wagons, etc.

S. L. JONES & CO., Nos. 207 and 209 California street—sell at auction, at 11 o'clock A. M., 200 cases English Earthenware and French Porcelain.

WALTER TURNBULL will sell, at Niles Station, Alameda county, Horses, Durham and Devon Cattle, Farming Utensils, Wagons, etc.

S. L. JONES & CO., Nos. 207 and 209 California street—sell at auction, at 11 o'clock A. M., 200 cases English Earthenware and French Porcelain.

WALTER TURNBULL will sell, at Niles Station, Alameda county, Horses, Durham and Devon Cattle, Farming Utensils, Wagons, etc.

S. L. JONES & CO., Nos. 207 and 209 California street—sell at auction, at 11 o'clock A. M., 200 cases English Earthenware and French Porcelain.

WALTER TURNBULL will sell, at Niles Station, Alameda county, Horses, Durham and Devon Cattle, Farming Utensils, Wagons, etc.

S. L. JONES & CO., Nos. 207 and 209 California street—sell at auction, at 11 o'clock A. M., 200 cases English Earthenware and French Porcelain.

WALTER TURNBULL will sell, at Niles Station, Alameda county, Horses, Durham and Devon Cattle, Farming Utensils, Wagons, etc.

S. L. JONES & CO., Nos. 207 and 209 California street—sell at auction, at 11 o'clock A. M., 200 cases English Earthenware and French Porcelain.

WALTER TURNBULL will sell, at Niles Station, Alameda county, Horses, Durham and Devon Cattle, Farming Utensils, Wagons, etc.

S. L. JONES & CO., Nos. 207 and 209 California street—sell at auction, at 11 o'clock A. M., 200 cases English Earthenware and French Porcelain.

WALTER TURNBULL will sell, at Niles Station, Alameda county, Horses, Durham and Devon Cattle, Farming Utensils, Wagons, etc.

S. L. JONES & CO., Nos. 207 and 209 California street—sell at auction, at 11 o'clock A. M., 200 cases English Earthenware and French Porcelain.

WALTER TURNBULL will sell, at Niles Station, Alameda county, Horses, Durham and Devon Cattle, Farming Utensils, Wagons, etc.

S. L. JONES & CO., Nos. 207 and 209 California street—sell at auction, at 11 o'clock A. M., 200 cases English Earthenware and French Porcelain.

WALTER TURNBULL will sell, at Niles Station, Alameda county, Horses, Durham and Devon Cattle, Farming Utensils, Wagons, etc.

S. L. JONES & CO., Nos. 207 and 209 California street—sell at auction, at 11 o'clock A. M., 200 cases English Earthenware and French Porcelain.

WALTER TURNBULL will sell, at Niles Station, Alameda county, Horses, Durham and Devon Cattle, Farming Utensils, Wagons, etc.

S. L. JONES & CO., Nos. 207 and 209 California street—sell at auction, at 11 o'clock A. M., 200 cases English Earthenware and French Porcelain.

WALTER TURNBULL will sell, at Niles Station, Alameda county, Horses, Durham and Devon Cattle, Farming Utensils, Wagons, etc.

S. L. JONES & CO., Nos. 207 and 209 California street—sell at auction, at 11 o'clock A. M., 200 cases English Earthenware and French Porcelain.

WALTER TURNBULL will sell, at Niles Station, Alameda county, Horses, Durham and Devon Cattle, Farming Utensils, Wagons, etc.

S. L. JONES & CO., Nos. 207 and 209 California street—sell at auction, at 11 o'clock A. M., 200 cases English Earthenware and French Porcelain.

WALTER TURNBULL will sell, at Niles Station, Alameda county, Horses, Durham and Devon Cattle, Farming Utensils, Wagons, etc.

S. L. JONES & CO., Nos. 207 and 209 California street—sell at auction, at 11 o'clock A. M., 200 cases English Earthenware and French Porcelain.

WALTER TURNBULL will sell, at Niles Station, Alameda county, Horses, Durham and Devon Cattle, Farming Utensils, Wagons, etc.

S. L. JONES & CO., Nos. 207 and 209 California street—sell at auction, at 11 o'clock A. M., 200 cases English Earthenware and French Porcelain.

WALTER TURNBULL will sell, at Niles Station, Alameda county, Horses, Durham and Devon Cattle, Farming Utensils, Wagons, etc.

S. L. JONES & CO., Nos. 207 and 209 California street—sell at auction, at 11 o'clock A. M., 200 cases English Earthenware and French Porcelain.

WALTER TURNBULL will sell, at Niles Station, Alameda county, Horses, Durham and Devon Cattle, Farming Utensils, Wagons, etc.

then, and he has since done nothing to encourage the belief that he would alter the determination then expressed to permanently withdraw from political contests. But on the bare, unsupported hope that he might be induced to change his mind and undertake the labors of a campaign, the Democratic party in every part of the country has testified its strong desire to put him at the head of the ticket and entreated his acceptance. When has there ever before been such a spectacle witnessed in American politics? Such a demonstration of affection and veneration is the crowning glory of Tilden's long lifetime. But as its readers know, the ALTA predicted many weeks ago that Tilden would not accept, and that though it was well enough to instruct delegates for him as a testimonial of personal regard, the Democratic party must really look elsewhere for a candidate. For doing this the ALTA was denounced as unfaithful to Tilden; but its prediction has now been verified by his positive declination.

THE CANAL FRANCHISE.

Secretary Frelinghuysen has asked Congress for an appropriation of \$250,000 to buy from the Government of Nicaragua certain rights for the construction of an interoceanic canal. A paragraph appropriating the amount named has been attached to the Consular and Diplomatic bill in the Senate, and has been under discussion in secret session. There are several mysterious features about the affair, but none more mysterious than the reasons for the attempted secrecy in the Senate, since the appropriation cannot be made without sending the bill back to the House of Representatives, when the whole secret will come out. If the Nicaragua proposition, as may be supposed, is merely to sell to the United States for \$250,000 the exclusive right to dig a canal at that route, the bill ought not to pass. Our Government has no interest in buying territorial rights for a canal until it decides to build the canal, and when it does that it need not pay anything for the privilege, as Nicaragua would be glad enough to donate the right of way, and there would be no fear of competition. It is not easy to understand what there is worth buying, and especially, what there is worth paying \$250,000 for. If Nicaragua has put up for sale at auction the exclusive right of canalization, she has done a very short-sighted thing, for should the concession fall into the hands of the Panama Company it would prevent the Nicaragua canal from being constructed. But even if the proposal to purchase the privilege for the United States springs out of a desire to prevent some other Government or company from acquiring it, still it would be folly to pay a quarter of a million for a thing before we know that it will be of any value to us. If Congress should previously decide to spend a hundred millions in building the Nicaragua canal, it would be quite the correct thing to buy this franchise, but it is a case where Franklin's advice never to buy a thing you don't need because it is cheap comes in pat. As long as it is so very improbable that the United States Government will burden itself with the construction of a canal, it should not invest in the franchise.

As a Presidential election approaches, the Administration becomes more conscious of the necessity of enforcing the Chinese Restriction Act. Secretary Folger, being informed that there was nothing to prevent a Chinaman from getting one return certificate at Portland and then coming to San Francisco and getting another, has issued an order that customs officers shall confine the issue of such certificates to Chinese who depart directly for foreign ports. This is a commonsense rule which should have been thought of sooner.

SOMEONE has given circulation to the report that the California delegation now visiting Blaine of Maine will make arrangements to return home by water, as the delegates, who took along only their summer clothing, positively refuse to undergo again the sufferings which they experienced in the icy climate encountered while traversing the State of Massachusetts.

OSCAR WILDE, who has been married a week, writes a letter in which he announces, for the benefit of the public, that he has not been disappointed in married life and that, as Lord Beaconsfield taught the Peers of England a new style of oratory, so he (Wilde) intends to set an "example of the prevailing influence of art in matrimony." This is next in coarse brutality to the famous article in which the elder Bennett announced his marriage to the readers of the New York Herald. Such a performance shows that whatever else estheticism may mean, as exemplified in the conduct of its self-constituted apostle, it has no connection with real refinement or even common decency.

"He does not suit England," gleefully announces the Chronicle, referring to Blaine—whence it deduces the inference that he ought to suit everybody else, and the Irish voters in particular. He seems to suit the London Times to a nicety. It reaches out to shake hands with the Republican party and congratulate it on the nomination of such a "conspicuous and respected politician."

THE FIELD RESOLUTION.

By a very large majority the Stockton Convention adopted a resolution denouncing the Presidential aspirations of Justice Field and instructing its delegates to oppose his nomination. This action is a product of prejudice and passion that reflects disgrace on the Convention, but cannot harm the man at whom it is aimed. It may make his nomination for President impossible, but his character is above the reach of such malignancy and would remain without stain through a hundred Conventions, each more unanimous than that at Stockton, should make it the target of their opprobrium. The action of the Stockton Convention does not express the deliberate, dispassionate opinion of the State upon the record of Judge Field. It is an ebullition of passion of which some who gave way to it will live to be ashamed. Some of the men who are responsible for it were a few years ago the loudest in support of Judge Field, and their present attitude is as little creditable as it is consistent. For his permanent fame Justice Field can afford to appeal from Philip drunk to Philip sober—on an excited political convention to the deliberate judgment of his fellow-citizens made up and expressed when the present temporary craze shall have passed away.

TILDEN DECLINES.

Samuel J. Tilden has at last broken his long silence, which many have thought was so tenaciously preserved, and it is to say that he cannot accept the nomination for President which he declined in 1880 on the grounds which are just as strong now as

THE SAGE OF GRAMERCY

Insensible to All Feeling of Personal Ambition.

BUT STILL KEENLY ALIVE

To the Welfare of the Republic—His Firm and Final Response to the Calling of His Countrymen.

New York, June 11th.—The following communication from Samuel J. Tilden has been given to the Associated Press:

New York, June 10, 1884. To Daniel Manning, Chairman of the Democratic State Committee, New York: In my letter of June 18, 1880, addressed to the delegates from the State of New York to the Democratic National Convention, I said: "Having now borne faithfully my full share of labors and care in the public service, and bearing marks of its burdens, I desire nothing so much as an honorable discharge. I wish to lay down the honors and toils of even a quasi-party leadership, and to seek the repose of private life." In renouncing a nomination for the Presidency I do so with no doubt in my mind as to the vote of the State of New York or of the United States, but because I believe it is a renunciation of a re-election to the Presidency. To those who think my renomination and re-election indispensable to an effectual vindication of the right of the people to elect their rulers—violated in my opinion—I have accorded as long a reserve of my decision as possible, but I cannot overcome my repugnance to enter into a new engagement, which involves

FOUR YEARS OF CEASELESS TOIL.

The dignity of the Presidential office is above a merely personal ambition, but it creates, in me, no illusion. Its value is as a great power for good to the country. I said four years ago: "In accepting the nomination, knowing, as I do, therefore, from fresh experience, how great the difference is between gliding through an official routine and working out a reform of systems and policies, it is impossible for me to contemplate what needs to be done in the Federal Administration without an anxious sense of the difficulties of the undertaking. If summoned by the suffrages of my countrymen to attempt this work, I shall endeavor, with God's help, to be the efficient instrument of their will. Such a work of renovation, after

MANY YEARS OF MISREUSE;

Such a reform of systems and policies, to which I would cheerfully have sacrificed all that remained to me of health and life, is now, I fear, beyond my strength." My purpose to withdraw from further public service, and the grounds of it, were, at that time, well known to you and to others. And when, at Cincinnati, though respecting my wishes yourselves, you communicated to me an appeal from many valued friends to relinquish that purpose, I reiterated my determination unconditionally. In the four years which have since elapsed nothing has occurred to weaken, but everything to strengthen, the considerations which induced my withdrawal from public life. To all who have addressed me on the subject my intention has been frankly communicated. Several of my most confidential friends, under the sanction of their own names, have

PUBLICLY STATED MY DETERMINATION

to consider the question is an event for which I have no responsibility. The appeal made to me by the Democratic party, with apparent unanimity, to serve them once more, is entitled to the most deferential consideration and would inspire a disposition to do anything desired of me if it were consistent with my judgment of duty. I believe that there is no instrumentality in human society so potent in its influence upon mankind for good or evil as the Government's machinery for administering justice and for making and executing the laws. Not all the eodemany institutions of private benevolence, which philanthropists may devote their lives are so fruitful in benefits as the rescue and preservation of this machinery from the pervasions that make it

THE INSTRUMENT OF CONSPIRACY, FRAUD AND CRIME

Against the most sacred rights and interests of the people. For fifty years, as a private citizen, never contemplating an official career, I have devoted at least as much thought and effort to the duty of influencing right the action of the governmental institutions of my country as to all other objects. I have never accepted official service except for a brief period, for a special purpose, and only when the occasion seemed to require from me that sacrifice of private preferences to public welfare. I undertook the State administration of New York because it was supposed that in that way only could the executive power be arrayed on the side of the reforms to which, as a private citizen, I had given three years of my life. I accepted the nomination for the Presidency in 1876 because of the general conviction that my candidacy would best preserve

THE ISSUE OF REFORM

Which the Democratic majority of the people desired to have worked out. In the Federal Government as it had been in that of the State of New York. I believed that I had strength enough then to renovate the administration of the Government of the United States, and, at the close of my term, to hand over the trust to a successor faithful to the same policy. Though anxious to seek the repose of private life, I nevertheless acted upon the idea that every power is a trust and involves a duty. In reply to the address of the committee communicating my nomination, I depicted the difficulties of the undertaking and likened my feelings in engaging in it to those of a soldier entering battle, but I did not withhold the entire consecration of my powers to the public service. Twenty years of continuous maladministration under the demoralizing influences of internecine war and of bad finance have infected the whole governmental system of the United States with

THE CANCEROUS GROWTHS OF FALSE CONSTRUCTIONS AND CORRUPT PRACTICES.

Powerful classes have acquired pecuniary interests in official abuses, and the moral standards of the people have been impaired. To redress these evils is a work of great difficulty and labor, and cannot be accomplished without the most energetic and efficient personal action on the part of the Chief Executive of the Republic. The canvass and administration which it is desired that I should undertake would embrace a period of nearly five years, nor can I admit any illusion as to their burdens. Three years of experience in the endeavor to reform the Municipal Government of the City of New York and two years of experience in renovating the administration of the State of New York have made me familiar with the requirements of such a work. At the present time the considerations which induced my action in 1880 have become imperative. I ought not to assume a task which I have not the physical strength to carry through. To reform the Administration of the Federal Government, to realize my own ideal and to fulfil the just expectations of the people, would indeed warrant, as they could alone compensate, the sacrifices which the undertaking would involve. But in my condition of

ADVANCING YEARS AND DECLINING STRENGTH,

I feel no assurance of my ability to accomplish these objects. I am, therefore, constrained to say definitely that I cannot now assume the labors of an administration or of a canvass. Undervaluing in no wise that best gift of heaven, the occasion and the power sometimes bestowed upon a mere individual to communicate an impulse for good, grateful beyond all words to my fellow-countrymen who would assign such a beneficent function to me, I am consoled by the re-

fection that neither the Democratic party nor the Republican, for whose future that party is the best guarantee, is now, or ever can be, dependent upon any one man for their successful progress in the path of a noble destiny. Having given to their welfare whatever of health and strength I possessed, or could borrow from the future, and having reached the term of my capacity for such labors as their welfare now demands, I submit to the will of God in desisting my public career forever closed.

(Signed,) SAMUEL J. TILDEN.

HON. THOS. A. HENDRICKS.

Tilden's Declination No Surprise or Disappointment to Him.

INDIANAPOLIS, June 11th.—Hon. Thomas A. Hendricks, in an interview concerning Tilden's letter of declination, said the news did not surprise him, for when he visited Tilden in August last that gentleman very firmly announced his intention to remain permanently out of politics. On his succeeding visit in April last the determination was expressed. Hendricks thought there was little doubt that the old ticket would have been nominated at the Chicago Convention if it had not been for the declination of to-day. He said that the demand for it among the Democracy was almost universal and greater than any movement of the kind he had ever seen in politics. Personally he felt no great disappointment. He did not want the office of Vice-President eight years ago and did not want it now. If the old ticket had remained in the field, he should have considered it an honor to place a great honor, conferred by the people as a rebuke to what they considered a great wrong. It would have prevented the seating of Hayes in 1876 from becoming a precedent for future elections. Hendricks added that only by an expression of the indignation of the people would he have regarded an election to the Vice-Presidency as an honor to be sought.

Atkinson, Mo., has a blacksmith who keeps a dentist's chair in one corner of his shop and pulls occasional aching teeth. He is also a good cabinet-maker, and when he can't get anything else to do he practices law.

STEELE'S Palace Drug Store, 635 Market street.

New Advertisements.

Fidelity Lodge, No. 130, F. and A. M.—Called Meeting.—The Officers and Members of the above-named Lodge are herewith notified to attend a called meeting of this (Thursday) EVENING, June 12th, at 7:30 o'clock First Degree. All Masons in good standing are cordially invited. By order of the Master. J. THALHMER, Secretary.

OCEAN BEACH PAVILION.

GRAND PUBLIC OPENING!

Best Appointed Pleasure Resort on the Pacific Coast.

The lessee of this splendid Pavilion, situated at the terminus of the Ocean Beach Railroad, takes pleasure in announcing to his friends and the public that it is now completed, and will be formally opened and dedicated as a popular pleasure resort on

SATURDAY AND SUNDAY NEXT,

June 14th and 15th.

When all are invited to be present, as every preparation has been made to entertain those who may favor him with their patronage.

This New Pavilion,

Which is a beautiful specimen of the architect's taste and builder's skill, is well situated for health and recreation. It is convenient to the Park, faces the beach high where fast flocks can always be seen, and the best of the water of the Pacific. The smooth and sandy beach within a stone's throw of its doors. The celebrated SEAL ROCKS, with their interesting tenants, are fully in sight, and ships and steamers, sailing to and from the Golden Gate, make the scene still more lively and picturesque. Telescopes for the use of visitors in all the towers, and telephone communication with the city.

The Interior of the Building

Is light, spacious and airy, handsomely finished in every detail, and the main dancing and promenade hall, 100x100 feet, will accommodate over 2,000 guests. There are handsomely furnished drawing-rooms, and gas and water in all parts of the edifice. It is impossible to give a full description of this splendid Pavilion in the limits of an ordinary advertisement, and the lessee is therefore desirous that all should see for themselves, and enjoy its beauties and facilities.

The Thoroughly-Equipped Bar

In the southern wing of the building is seventy-four feet long. At its elegantly-made counters can be obtained, from skilled bartenders, the choicest refreshments, as the liquors are of the highest quality, the well-known establishment of A. F. Potting Co., including the celebrated J. H. Cutter Whisky. The ruling price of drinks will be 10 cents.

Special Notice.

Lodges, societies, families, luncheon and picnic parties, schools and clubs, who wish to enjoy a festive and comfortable dinner, may obtain the same at the Ocean Beach Pavilion a most desirable place for the purpose; the accommodations first-class, and charges very moderate. Special rates will be made where the party is large. Excellent music furnished, and the spacious dancing hall boasts the best floor ever laid in the State. This hall has also a roomy gallery, and in the north-east corner, where speeches, recitations, dramatic and musical performances may be given, admirably adapted it for school holiday excursions.

The Pavilion can be reached by the Haight-street cable road, connecting with the Ocean Beach Railroad, in thirty-five minutes from the Oakland Ferry, at the trifling expense of ten cents.

SEAL ROCK HOTEL AND RESTAURANT

—IN CONNECTION WITH—

THE OCEAN BEACH PAVILION.

This popular place of entertainment, of which the undersigned has been lessee and manager for upwards of eleven years, will be continued in connection with the Ocean Beach Pavilion, the newly opened accommodations at the "Seal Rock" (last "Ocean Beach Branch"), as well as the perfection of its cookery, is widely known, and the proprietor pledges himself that his reputation will not only be maintained, but under the new conditions, and with additional facilities, be so increased as to make this famous hotel and restaurant the most desirable place in the vicinity of San Francisco for those who know how to appreciate the comfort of a well-cooked meal, well served. He intends to put his kitchen beyond rivalry.

The Restaurant

Will dine one hundred and fifty guests, and with a bill of fare that includes all the delicacies of the season, first-class cooks, polite and attentive waiters, has no fear of being able to meet every wish of the most fastidious patron.

Families, Luncheon, Picnic Parties,

Societies and clubs are invited to the SEAL ROCK HOTEL AND RESTAURANT. They will find the proprietor always reasonable in his charges, as he has adopted for his motto in serving the public "The best for the lowest possible price." They need not fear the over-charging, too common at some seaside resorts. Meals served from 25 cents and upwards, according to order. The public generally are invited to give a call, as he knows all will be satisfied with their treatment.

Careful and competent cooks always in attendance, and the best care taken of their needs.

NICHOLAS HOCHGUERTEL, Proprietor of the Ocean Beach Pavilion and Seal Rock Hotel and Restaurant. jell-24

NOTICE.

THE CALIFORNIA AND OREGON CIDER WORKS formerly carried on by Preble & Jones, will hereafter be conducted by the undersigned, who has bought out the interests of the above partners, and will continue the business at the same place, San Francisco, 229 Davis street. JACOB KLEIN, San Francisco, June 2, 1884. jell-27

A RESPONSIBLE MAN, THOROUGHLY ACQUAINTED

in California, wishes to travel for some good houses on commission. Address "C" this office. jell-32

AGENT WANTED—SAMPLES SMALL.

Comm. \$1,800 per ann. Late Agent on this Coast earned \$1,800 per ann. Box 1,871 New York jell-32

CERTIFICATE OF COPARTNERSHIP.

We certify that we constitute a partnership transacting business in this State; its principal place of business is 233 and 239 Broadway, San Francisco, California; its name is T. J. FRENCH & CO. The full names and respective places of residence of all its members are signed by THOMAS J. FRENCH, [Seal] 237 Mission street, S. F. WILL S. DUNLEVY, [Seal] 10 Hyde street, S. F. San Francisco, June 2, 1884. San Francisco, before Louis Meisinger, a Notary Public, for the City and County of San Francisco, this 2d day of June, 1884. Endorsed: Filed in the office of the County Clerk of the City and County of San Francisco, State of California, this 11th day of June, 1884. T. Seson, County Clerk. By Edward Myers, Deputy Clerk. jell-37A

Miscellaneous.

RELIEF TO MERCHANTS.

To Holders of SPECIAL CONTRACTS, dictated by the Central Pacific Railroad Company: Being fully conversant with the almost unanimous protest of San Francisco Merchants against the infamous special contract system adopted by the Central Pacific Railroad Company, we have established a department in our commission business to enable those merchants intimidated or coerced by corporation despotism to import their shipments by sailing vessel or steamer independent of railroad tyrannical exactions. We will accept of the consignment, provide freight storage and insurance at the lowest market rates, free of commission, to all such importers. Importers by sailing vessel or steamer will be delivered when and where required. Illegal interventions of the Central Pacific Railroad Company, antagonistic to the laws regulating common carriers, will be defended by the undersigned. jell-01

ASSIGNEE'S SALE.

BAGS, DUCK, COTTON GOODS, ETC.

THE ASSIGNEE OF THE ESTATE OF E. DETRICK & CO., in insolvency, will receive SEALED BIDS at his office, No. 217 Sansome street, Rooms 17 and 18, up to SATURDAY, the 21st day of June, 1884, at noon, for the following assets of said estate: 1st—(As a whole) the stock of merchandise at Nos. 5, 7 and 9 California street, on hand on the 31st day of May, 1884, as per inventory, valued at \$34,320.92. 2d—(As a whole) the plant of the business of E. Detrick & Co., situated in the city and county of San Francisco, where all particulars will be furnished. Possession will be given on June 26, 1884. All bids must be accompanied by a certified check to order of the Assignee for ten per cent. of the amount offered.

TERMS OF SALE.—Cash upon the acceptance of bid and delivery of the property. All bids will be opened on Saturday, June 21, 1884, at 10 o'clock p. m. at the office of the Assignee, who reserves the right to reject any and all bids. E. J. LEBRETON, Assignee of the Estate of E. Detrick & Co., in insolvency. San Francisco, June 5, 1884. jell-01

Wanted.

Wanted—Partner with \$10,000 to undertake safe and profitable business. Address, "EXPERIENCE," ALTA office. jell-31

A JAPANESE YOUNG MAN WISHES TO PRO A cure work by the day, viz: Cleaning windows, etc.; charges reasonable. Apply or address, 132 Stevenson street. jell-32

WANTED—LADIES OR YOUNG MEN TO TAKE A nice, pleasant work at their home; \$2 to \$5 a day easily made; work sent by mail, no canvassing. Address F. RIDG & CO., Box 157, Dubuque, Iowa. jell-32

WANTED—TO LEASE, FOR A TERM OF YEARS, premises suitable for an old established Printing House, centrally located, with steam power or with permission to maintain boiler. Area required, 1,500 to 2,000 square feet. Address, with locality and price, A. B. this office. jell-34

SHORTHAND—MARK'S OLD EDITION—KING'S Old Book Store, 15 Fourth, near Market. jell-34

SHORTHAND

AND TYPE-WRITING INSTRUCTIONS, PERSONALLY or by mail. Situations procured pupils when competent. Call or write, F. LUSK, Head's Business College, 34 Post street. my10-4

For Sale.

HANDSOME PHANTOM FOR SALE CHEAP AT LANES, 502 Kearny street. jell-34