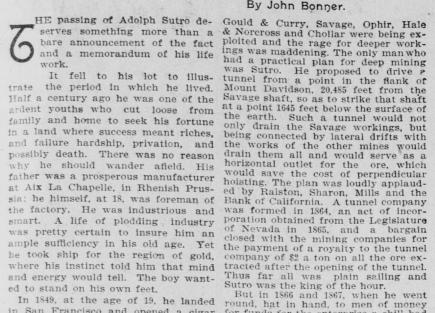
and failure hardship, privation, and possibly death. There was no reason why he should wander afield. His father was a prosperous manufacturer at Aix La Chapelle, in Rhenish Prussia; he himself, at 18, was foreman of the factory. He was industrious and smart. A life of plodding industry was pretty certain to insure him an ample sufficiency in his old age. Yet he took ship for the region of gold, where his instinct told him that mind

he took ship for the region of gold, where his instinct told him that mind and energy would tell. The boy wanted to stand on his own feet.

In 1849, at the age of 19, he landed in San Francisco and opened a cigar store. It prospered. But he had not come to California to live on the profits of retail trade. Stories of wonderful mineral discoveries in Nevada were buzzing in the air. He turned his stock into money, mounted a pack horse and rode to Washoe, where ore worth \$4500 to the ton, one-third gold and two-thirds silver, was being dug out of shallow holes. A camp had been founded at the base of Mount Davidson and a town which took the name of Virginia City. Therein young Sutro pitched his tent, and by dickering in mining locations and operating in merchandise he scon became, young as he was, one of the most substantial in merchandise he soon became, young
as he was, one of the most substantial
such that opposition and calumny only citizens in the place. Far-sighted observers remarked that that young German would get there. Indeed, in the jargon of the camp, he soon had money

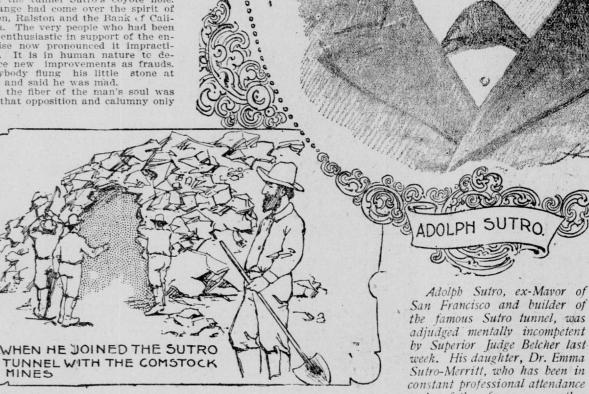
was a man in whose hands y was never idle, nor time thrown In 1861, long before the discov-



Story of Adolph Sutro's

By John Bonner.

But the fiber of the man's soul was



ut all his own money and the money f his personal friends in the tunnel reasury. He stumped the State on be-

son River, if it was to be a permanent the drills, and had to be carried out son River, if it was to be a permanent the drills, and had to be carried out source of profit. He spent anxious senseless into the open air. The mules loan, was now everywhere admitted to be property. He was as shrewd as he the problem, and at last he solved it. In 1863 the great bonanzas in the

THE CLEARING-HOUSE.

Clearing-house committee—Thomas Brown, cashier Bank of California; Ign. Steinhart,

campaign.

The clearings by quarter year for 1897, 1896
and 1895 are shown in the following statement:

cisco. 10—The London and San Francisco Bank limited).
12—The San Francisco National Bank.
14—The Anglo-Californian Bank (limited).
15—Wells, Fargo & Co.
16—The Nevada National Bank of San Fran-

17-The London, Paris and American Bank

ited).

The Tallant Banking Company.

The Crocker-Woolworth National Bank of

Quar. | 1897. | 1896. | 1895.

erved him to more energetic work. He ut all his own money and the money ped from the roof of the tunnel, was foremost among the drill crews, cheer-

but all his own money and the money of his personal friends in the tunnel of his scheme, pouring out a deluge of oratory in his broken English, and though he could not make one or in the Savage heard the thump, this start he broke ground for his tunnel on October 19, 1869. With his plans and there he secured from the McCalmonts and others subscriptions enough a quartz mill on the Carson River, and he grew richer day by day. But even then he realized that the great depth of the shafts on the Comstock lode, and the intense heat prevailing on the realized that the great depth of the shafts on the Comstock lode, and the intense heat prevailing on the ore proved higher than could reasonably be expected. It cost more to host by be expected. It cost more to host of heat. The miners fell fainting at source of profit. He spent anxious source of profit. He spent anxious

the famous Sutro tunnel, was adjudged mentally incompetent by Superior Judge Belcher last week. His daughter, Dr. Emma Sutro-Merritt, who has been in constant professional attendance on her father for many months past, was appointed guardian of his person and estate, her bonds being \$100,000. Her two brothers and her sister, who reside in this city, became sureties on the bond. Mr. Sutro is 81 years old. The loss of his mental faculties is attributed to the weight

many men. Repose was not in Sutro's and a visit to which will be an educa-instincts. His mind could not be idle. tion in zoology. He built a railroad

He formed far-reaching plans which, at first vague and shadowy, were turned over and over, until they took tangible shape. His foresight taught him that the empty land which divides San Francisco from the ocean must eventually be covered with buildings, and possess a value to which its actual possess a value to which its actual market price afforded no clew. He be-gan to buy this land. The San Miguel Rancho passed into his hands, and was

THE PRIDE OF HIS HEART.

SUTRO HEIGHTS AND

CLIFF HOUSE.

of years, combined with the effects of two strokes of apoplexy suffered within the past few months.

Rancho passed into his hands, and was speedily followed by the Byfield tract, the Richmond addition, and blocks upon blocks in the vicinity of the Park, and the ocean, until he owned 2200 of the 13,000 acres of taxable property in the city. Most of this he owns still. Then he disclosed the public spirft, which, in the maturity of his powers, disappointment and despair. He did not propose to repeat the journey. When his name was in every man's mouth and operators were figuring on the millions which would fall into the lap of the fortunate holders of Sutro shallying and stupidity of the Board of the millions which would fall into the lap of the fortunate holders of Sutro stock, he quickly sold out his shares and placed the proceeds in banks of undoubted solidity.

That was twenty years ago, and Mr. That was twenty years ago, and Mr. What was he to do with the millions which had been won after so desperate a struggle? Best and bleasure soft in benefic on the time ne became a millionalre semblage of medical, botanical, geological, astronomical, mathematical and the increase of his wealth became a matter of secondary importance, subscribing the Hebrew, Greek, Latin and Arabian the Hebrew, Greek, Latin and Arabian of which does not exist anywhere in the Hebrew, Greek, Latin and Arabian the Hebrew, Greek, Latin and Arabian to see his lots appreciate in value; but, as the walked over Sutro Heights and cast a wistful glance over the vast spaces of the ocean that rolled at his shares.

will evidently some day reward investi-gators in Semitic history and litera-

Great Successes in Life.

Professor Burr of Cornell wrote:
"The Sutro Library is, I think, beyond all comparison the best collection in America, both as to numbers and as to the quality of the books of the fifteenth century, and I gravely doubt if it has any rival this side of the Atlantic for its literature of the sixteenth century. In travels of every age, in church history, canon law and theology in the travers of every age, in the history of all the sciences, especially the natural sciences, in curios of many sorts, its shelves are a golconda of treasures."

The number of books in the library, exclusive of manuscripts is at present

exclusive of manuscripts, is at present about 230,000. Among them are the Par-liamentary documents and proceedings namentary documents and proceedings which Macaulay used in writing his history; the laws of England as compiled by Lord Cairns, and a vast assemblage of medical, botanical, geological, astronomical, mathematical and other scientific collections; among the manuscripts are manuscripts are manuscripts are manuscripts are manuscripts are manuscripts.

a struggle? Rest and pleasure, soft constructed an aquarium which, when Sicilian days, and gay Parisian joys it is completed, will contain specimens Sutro acquired editions of early works would have commended themselves to of all the fish that swim in our waters, which are now so rare as to be almost Such are books printed by Fust of Mainz, by Aldus of Venice, by

from the heart of the city to the ocean beach. Adjoining the Sutro Baths, he began the collection of objects of art, pictures, sculptures, tapestries and curios for the equipment of a museum. But the object which was nearest his heart was the foundation of a library which, while it should be useful for citizens generally, should be especially attractive to scholars and should help develop the higher thought and work of the Pacific Coast. For the acquisition of this library he visited Europe and purchased as a nucleus the most valuable works in the Sunderland Library, the library of the Duke of Hamilton, that of the monastery of Buxheim, and that of the Duke of Dahlberg, which were sold at auction at the time. From the Royal State Library at Munich, which had absorbed the collections of the confiscated monasteries of Bavaria, he bought over 4000 incunabula, probably the best collection in existence. When he left Europe he intrusted the completion of the work to learned bibliophiles, who were instructed to spare no expense to acquire rare and valuable works; they have fulfilled their task admirably.

Of the Collection as it stands, An-

instructed to spare no expense to acquire rare and valuable works; they have fulfilled their task admirably.

Of the collection as it stands, Andrew T. White, now Embassador to Berlin, has said: "With considerable acquaintance among the libraries of the United States, I should rank this one already among the first four in value. \* \* \* Every branch of science, literature and art is well represented. Many of the works are of the costliest. Among them are numbers of rare illuminated maunscripts, a very large collection of early printed works, especially of the Reformation and early renaissance periods, with over 39,000 volumes dating from the Civil wars, and Cromwellian period in England. Especially curious from a historical point of view is a collection which Mr. Sutro has made in Mexico, which will prove a mine for the coming investigator of Spanish-American civilization. There is also a very large investigator of Spanish-American civilization. There is also a very large investigator of Spanish-American civilization. There is also a very large investigator of Spanish-American civilization. There is also a very large which is without a rival tracted visitors to California from all parts of the world, a pleasure resort which is without a rival



WHEN HE WAS MAYOR

Other men besides he have expended their millions in erecting monu-ments which will preserve their names ments which will preserve their names from oblivion, and, though their aim was rather personal gain than public service, they are still fairly entitled to gratitude because in promoting their own ends they ministered to the prosperity of the people at large. Sutro, from the time he became a millionaire and the increase of his wealth became a matter of secondary importance. feet, his mind thoughts of real estate to revel in the joy that when he was gone generations would thank him for what he had done

## COMMERCIAL

No grain markets.
Thirty failures last week.
Bank clearings show the usual gain.
Shipment of \$200,913 to China.
Coal Oil and Naphtha advanced.
Geneling Accilent.

Coal Oil and Naphtha advanced.

Gasoline declined.

Potatoes rather easier. Onions firm.

Asparagus in increasing receipt.

Butter weak. Eggs lower and demoralized.

More Eastern Poultry expected this week.

Game in better supply and weaker.

Asples firm. Oranges and Lemons dull. Apples firm. Oranges and Lemons dull. Limes higher again. Dried Fruits and Raisins neglected.

Bacon advanced. Hams and Lard firm. Hides strong. Wool and Hops unchanged. Another advance in Hogs. Beef and Mutton

as before.

No change in Coal.

Cordage advanced 4c.

Decreased exports of produce.

Local bank clearings last week were \$14,628,-746, against \$11,358,060 for the same week last year. EXPORTS OF BARLEY.

BANK CLEARINGS.

Exports of Barley from this port in January were 144,800 ctls, valued at \$162,100, against 144,-800 ctls at \$166,300 in January, 1897. EXPORTS OF LUMBER.

Exports of lumber from this port in January were 1,310,000 feet, valued at \$22,162, against 2,979,000 feet at \$107,649 in January, 1897.

Exports of Salmon from this port in January were 15,633 cases and 1749 packages, valued at \$71,000, against 62,362 cases and 1955 packages at \$282,990 in January, 1897. EXPORTS OF SALMON.

A PARTIAL HOLIDAY.

The balances in 1897 were 12.8 per cent of the clearings and amounted to \$96,115,599 66 and were paid in United States gold coin.

The average daily balance for 1897

was \$\$315,133 11\$

For 1896 was \$\$297,669 38\$ The lack of grain and kindred quotations from the larger Eastern points yesterday was due to the observance of the day as a holiday, it being Lincoln's birthday.

TREASURE SHIPMENT.

The City of Rio de Janiero took out a treasure list of \$200,913, consisting of \$54,208 in Mexican dollars, \$605 in gold coin, \$2500 in Chilean pesos, \$140,000 in silver bullion and \$3600 in Peruvian soles.

EXPORTS OF PRODUCE.

Exports of Produce from this port by sea in January were \$3,256,400, against \$4,113,300 in January, 1897, the principal shipments below January, 1897, the principal shipments being \$1,198,000 to Great Britain, \$585,600 to Japan, \$200,900 to China, \$333,200 to the Hawaiian Islands, \$167,800 to South Africa, \$114,800 to Australia, \$120,900 to Mexico and \$178,500 to Cen-

20—The Tailant Banking Company.

21—The Crocker-Woolworth National Bank of San Francisco.

22—The Crocker-Woolworth National Bank of San Francisco.

23—The Crocker-Woolworth National Bank of San Francisco.

24—America.

25—The Crocker-Woolworth National Bank of San Francisco.

24—America Bank and Trust Company.

25—The Crocker-Woolworth National Bank of San Francisco.

26—The Tailant Banking Company.

21—The Crocker-Woolworth National Bank of San Francisco.

28—The Crocker-Woolworth National Bank of San Francisco.

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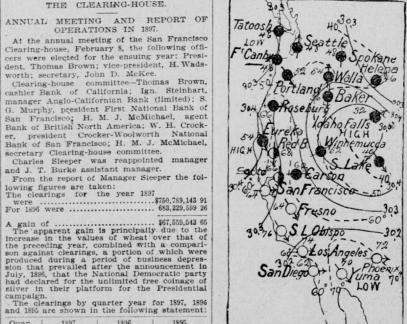
21—The Crocker-Woolworth National Bank of New York San Francisco.

20—The Tailaint Banking Company.

21—The Crocker-Woolworth National Bank of New York San Francis

lighter than usual in the third quarter of 1896, due to the restriction in business during the Presidential campaign in that year, "a contest for the free coinage of silver."

The balances at New York City have aver-aged about 5 per cent of the clearings in the



O Clear O Partly Cloudy Cloudy & Rain & Snow SHADED AREAS SHOW PRECIPITATION DURING PAST IZ HOURS

EXPLANATION

EXPLANATION.

The arrow flies with the wind. The top figures at station indicate maximum temperature for the days; those underneath it, if any, the amount of rainfail, of melted snow in inches and hundredths during the past twelve hours. Isobars, or solid lines, connect points of equal air pressure; isotherms, or dotted lines, equal temperature. The word "high" means high barometric pressure and is usually accompanied by fair weather: "low" refers to low pressure and is usually accompanied by cloudy weather and rains. "Lows" usually first appear on the Washington coast. When the pressure is high in the interior and low along the coast, and the isobars extend north and south along the coast, rain is probable, but when the "low" is inclosed with isobars of marked curvature, rain south of Oregon is improbable. With a "high" in the vicinity of Idaho, and the pressure falling to the California coast, warmer weather may be expected in summer and colder weather in winter. The reverse of these conditions will produce an opposite result. "

 
 Fresno
 0.00
 2.23
 8.1

 San Luis Obispo
 0.00
 3.88
 15.2

 Los Angeles
 0.00
 4.11
 11.4

 San Diego
 0.00
 3.38
 7.9

 Yuma
 0.00
 1.26
 4.81

 San Francisco temperature:
 Maximum, 64;

 minimum, 48; mean, 56.
 WEATHER CONDITIONS AND GENERAL

FORECAST.

The pressure still continues highest in Southern Idaho and Northern Nevada. A second area of high pressure appears to be approaching the Northern California coast, which will cause the weather to continue fair in California during Sunday. Decidedly warmer weather is reported in Northern California.

Forecasts made at San Francisco for thirty hours, ending midnight, February 13, 1898:

Northern California—Fair Sunday, except partly cloudy in north portion; light northerly winds.

Southern California—Fair Sunday.

Southern California-Fair Sunday; light

Southern California-Fair Sunday; ngm northerly to westerly wind.
Nevada-Partly cloudy Sunday.
Utah-Partly cloudy Sunday; warmer.
Arizona-Fair Sunday.
San Francisco and vicinity-Fair Sunday; fresh north to west winds.
Special report from Mt. Tamalpais, taken at 5 p. m.—Clear; wind north, 12 miles per hour; temperature, 53; maximum, 62.
W. H. HAMMON,
Forecast Official.

EASTERN MARKETS. EASTERN LIVESTOCK MARKET.

CHICAGO, Feb. 12.—CATTLE—Trading in cattle was of the usual Saturday character. The few offerings that came on the market were soon disposed of and trade was over at an early hour. Yesterday's prices ruled. Choice and heavy enough cattle to meet the requirements of exporters are now selling largely 10 15c higher than a week ago, and a few extra fancy beeves, such as were offered for the Christmas holiday trade, would probably sell considerably above \$5.50.

HOGS—The market for hogs was strong, the supply being quickly taken at an average advance of 5c on yesterday's, figures. Sales were at an extreme range of \$3.50@4.07\footnote{1}{2}, chiefly at \$3.55@4.02\footnote{1}{2}, and the bulk of pigs sold at \$3.65@3.55. CHICAGO, Feb. 12.-CATTLE-Trading in

@2.85.
SHEFP—Most of the receipts of sheep and lambs to-day were consigned to local slaughterers, and prices were largely nominal. Sheep sold at \$3.20@4.75 for the poorest lots to the best, chiefly at \$4@4.50, rams bringing \$3.25@ 2.50, yearlings, \$4.50@5.20, lambs, \$4.50@5.60, Receipts—Cattle, 500; Hogs, 14,000; Sheep, 15.000.

DENVER.

Derector States States

LONDON STOCKS.

NEW YORK, Feb. 12.—The Evening Post's London financial cablegram says: The stock markets here were featureless to-day, except for further rise in prices. Americans were well above the parity, professional support being strong. Gold was easier at 77s 10%d. There was a further sharp rise in Uruguay securities. Money was easier.

FOREIGN MARKETS.

LONDON, Feb. 12.-Silver, 26d. LIVERPOOL, Feb. 12.-Wheat, strong; No LIVERPOOL, Feb. 12.—Wheat, strong, No. 1 Standard California, 37s 64; cargoes of coast, more inquiry; cargoes on passage, sellers at an advance of 34; Liverpool Wheat, No. 1 California, 8s 34; Wheat in Paris, steady, Flour in Paris, steady.

CLOSE.

WHEAT—Spot, strong; No. 1 red Northern spring, 8s 2d.

CORN—Spot, firm; American mixed new, 3s 4\forall did do old, 3s \forall di futures steady; February, 3s 4d; March, 3s 2\forall d.

FLOUR-St. Louis fancy winter, firm, 9s 9d.

HOPS—At London, Pacific Coast, firm, £4 5s@£5 10s.

PORTLAND'S BUSINESS.

PORTLAND, Or., Feb. 12.-Exchanges, \$190,-

NORTHERN WHEAT MARKET.

NORTHERN WHEAT MARKET.

PORTLAND, Or., Feb. 12.—WHEAT—The local market after several months of great activity is again drifting, although the volume of business is still large enough to keep everything moving at a gait which in ordinary years would be considered rapid for this time of year. Exporters have their business full in hand and are now content to take care of business as it comes along without the trouble or risk attendant on reaching so far out into the future, and instead of chartering a fleet several weeks or months ahead and then scrambling for cargo with which to fill it, they buy what is offering and as fast as a cargo is got together secure a ship to carry it away.

cargo is got together secure a saip to carry it away.

Exporters are quoting up to 74½c for Walla Walla, with mills paying a cent better, Blue Stem and Valley. TGTT½c.

Cleared—Dan ship Jupiter, Queenstown, 94,-03 bushels wheat.

WASHINGTON.

TACOMA, Wash., Feb. 12.—WHEAT—Quiet but strong; No. 1 Club, 74½c; No. 1 Blue Stem, 77½c.

LOCAL MARKETS.

NOTE.—The Produce Exchange was not in session yesterday, hence quotations for Grain, Milistuffs, Feedstuffs, etc., are omitted. EXCHANGE AND BULLION.

Potatoes are rather easier, but unchanged. The Onions from Australia were in poor condition, but there are some good ones among Receipts of Asparagus are steadily increas-

POTATOES, ONIONS, VEGETABLES.

Receipts of Asparagus are steadily increasing.

Rhubarb is coming in, bringing 10c per lb. POTATOES—Early Rose, 55@75c; River Reds. 55@55c; River Burbanks, 75@55c per sack; Oregon Burbanks, 31@1 10; Salinas Burbanks, 55c@5 is 112½; Petaluma Burbanks, 75@55c per sack; Oremonia of the Merced; new Volunteer Potatoes, ——per lb. ONIONS—\$2 5062 25 per ctl; Oregons, \$2 75@2 90; cut onions, \$2@2 25 per sack.

VEGETABLES—Mushrooms, 10%15c per lb; Marrowfat Squash, \$20 per ton; Hubbard Squash, \$20; Dried Okra, 15c; Cabbage, 60@75c per ctl; Carrots, 25 @60c per sack; Garlic, 32@45c per lb; Asparagus, 22@50c per lb.

Los Angeles Green Peas, 10c; Strink Beans, —; Tomatoes, 50c@\$1 25; Green Peppers, 25c per lb; Hothouse Cucumbers, 50c@\$1 25 per dozen.

EVAPORATED VEGETABLES—
Potatoes, sliced raw, 12c per lb nlots of 25 lbs; sliced desiccated, 16@15c; granulated raw,

13c; Onions, 60c; Carrots, old. 13c; new, 18c; Cabbage, 30c; Sweet Potatoes, 30c; turnips, 25c; String Beans, 30c; Tomatoes, 50c.

POULTRY AND GAME. The usual quantity of Eastern Poultry is

The usual quantity of Eastern Poultry is announced for this week.

Game was in better receipt and weaker in consequence. Geese, however, did better.

POULTRY—Live Turkeys, 10@11c for Goblers and 11@12c for Hens; dressed Turkeys, 13@14c per lb; Geese, per pair, \$1 25@1 50; Goslings, \$2@3; Ducks, \$3 50@34 50 for old and \$4 50@6 for young; Hens, \$3@4 50; Roosters, young, \$4 50@5 50; Roosters, old, \$3 25@3 50; Fryers, \$5@5 50 for large and \$3 50@4 50 for small; Pigeons, \$1 75@2 25 per dozen for young and \$1 for old.

GAME—'uall, n- dozen, \$1@1 25; Mallard, \$3@3 50; Canvasback, \$3@4 50; Sprig, \$1 75@2; Teal, \$1 50@2; Widgeon, \$1@1 50; Small Ducks, 75c@31; Gray Geese, \$2 50; White, 75c@\$1 25; Brant, \$1 25@1 50; Honkers, \$4; English Snipe, \$2; Jack Snipe, \$1; Hare, 75c@\$1; Rabbits, \$1@1 125 for Cottontails and \$1 for small.

BUTTER, CHEESE AND EGGS.

Butter continues weak, and dealers are look-Butter continues weak, and dealers are looking for a decline any day now.

Eggs are much lower and demoralized, with still lower prices expected.

BUTTER—

Creamery—Fancy creameries, 25@26c; seconds, 23@24c.

onds, 23@24c.
Dairy—Choice to Fancy, 21@23c; lower grades, 20c per lb.
Eastern Butter—Creamery, 21@22½c; ladle-packed, 15@17½c per lb.
CHEESE—Choice mild new, 10@11c; common to good, \$6@9½c; Cream Cheddar, 10@11c; Young America, 11@12c; Western, 11@12c; Eastern, 12½613½c per lb.
EGGS—Ranch Eggs, 15@17c per dozen; store Eggs, 13@14c.

DECIDUOUS AND CITRUS FRUITS. Fine Apples are firm at the improved prices. Oranges and Lemons are dull. Limes are higher again, being very scarce.

higher again, being very scarce.

DECIDUOUS FRUITS—

Cranberries. \$7@8 per bbl.

Apples, 40x50c per box for common, 65c@\$1
for good to choice and \$1 25@1 50 for fancy.

CITRUS FRUITS—Navel Oranges, \$1 25@
2 25; Seedlings, 50c@\$1; Mandarins, \$1@1 50
for large and 65@75c for small boxes; Grape
Fruit, \$2 50@5 per box; Lemons, 55@75c for
common and \$1@1 75 for good to choice; Mexican Limes, \$8@7; California Limes in small
boxes, 75c@\$1; Bananas, \$1 25@2 25 per bunch;
Pincapples, \$3@4 per doz.

DRIED FRUITS, NUTS, RAISINS, ETC. Dealers report a stagnant market at un-

changed prices.
DRIED FRUITS-Prunes, carload lots, 4%

Changed prices.

DHIED FRUITS—Prunes, carload lots, 44, 64%c for 40-50's, 34,64%c for 50-60's, 34,63%c for 60-60's, 24,63%c for 60-60's, 24,63%c for 80-90's, 13,62%c for 90-100's; Peaches, 324%c; tanger, 56,54%c; peaches, 324%c; tanger, 56,54%c; peaches, 324%c; tanger, 56,54%c; peaches, 526%c for Royals and 72%c for good to fancy Moorparks; evaporated Apples, 6%674c; sun-arled, 46%c; black Figs, in sacks, 322%c; Plums, 44,64%c for prine dand 101%c for unpitted; bleached Plums, 66,54c; Nectarines, 46%c for prime to for halves, according to color, etc.

RAISINS—2c for two-crown, 363%c for three-crown, 33,46c for four-crown, 36 for Seedless Sultanas, 3%c for Seedless Muscatels and 416 in 10 for London layers; dried Grapes, 2%c, NUTS—Chestnuts are quotable at \$c\$ per b; Walnuts, 56%c for hardshell, 56%c for softshell; Almends, 2½63%c for hardshell, 56%c for softshell and 78%c for paper-shell; Peanuts, 460%c for Eastern and 4½c for California; Pecans, 6½6%c; Filberts, 8½610c; Brazil Nuts, 56%c per 1b; Coconnuts, 44,50%c per 100.

HONEY—New Comb., 3610c for bright and 56%c for lower grades; new water white extracted, 4½6%c; light amber extracted, 3%64%c per 1b.

BEESWAX—23625c per 1b. ### The second of the second o

firm. Dealers report business three times as heavy as last year at this time.

CURED MEATS—Bacon, 9c per lb for heavy, 9½c for light medium, 10½c for light, 11c for extra light and 12½c for sugar-cured; Eastern sugar-cured Hams, 10½@11c; California Hams, 10c; Mess Beef, 89 per bbi, extra mess do. \$10; family do, \$11@12; salt Pork, \$9: extra prime Pork, \$10; extra clear, \$18; mess, \$16; Smoked Beef, 11@12c per lb.

\$18; mess, \$16; Smoked Beet, lights per lb.

LARD—Eastern tierces quoted at 5½c per lb for compound and 6¾c for pure; pails, 7½c; California tierces, 5½c per lb for compound and 6½c for pure; half-barrels, 6½c; 10-lb tins, 7½c; do 5-lb. 7¾c.

COTTOLENE—Tierces, 5½@6¾c; packages, less than 300-lbs—1-lb pails, 60 in a case, 8¾c; 3-lb pails, 20 in a case, 8¾c; 5-lb pails, 12 in a case, 8½c; 10-lb pails, 6 in a case, 8½c; 50-lb tins, one or two in a case, 7½c; wooden buckets, 20 lbs net, 7½c; fancy tubs, 80 lbs net, 7½c; half-bbls, about 110 lbs, 7½c per lb.

HIDES, TALLOW, WOOL AND HOPS.

Hides are firm at the advance. There is no change in Wool and Hops.

HIDES AND SKINS—Culls and brands sell HIDES AND SKINS—Culls and brands sell lc under sound stock. Heavy salted steers. 10½@11c; medium. 9½c; light, 9@9½c; Cowhides 9@9½c; stags, 6@6½c; salted Kip, 10c; Calf, 11c; dry Hides, 17@17½c; culls and brands, 13½@14c; dry Kip and Veal, 14@15c; dry Calf, 18@20c; culls, 16@17c; Goatskins, 20@37½c each; Kids, 5@10c; Deerskins, good summer, 25@30c per lb; medium, 20c; winter, 10c; Sheepskins, shearlings, 20@30c each; short wool, 40@70c each; medium, 70@90c; long wools, 90c@\$1 30 each.

SAN FRANCISCO MEAT MARKET.

Seven cars of Hoge sold at 4%c per lb, which

Seven cars of Hoge sold at 4%c per lb, which shows a still higher market. There are no other changes to report.

Wholesale rates for dressed beef stock from slaughterers are as follows:

BEEF—First quality, 6½c; second do, 5½@6c; third do, 4@5c per lb.

VEAL—Large, 6@6½c; small, 7@7½c per lb.

MUTTON—Wethers, 7@7½c; ewes, 6½@7c per lb.

per lb.
LAMB—Spring, 15c per lb.
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PORK—Live Hogs, 4%@4'4c for large, 3½@
3%c for small and 3%@4c for medium; soft
Hogs, 3@3%c; dressed do, 5%@6'4c per lb.

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

BAGS-Calcutta Grain Bags, 1898 delivery, 5%@5%c; Wool Bags, 27@30c; San Quentin,